## Schofield $\&$ Sims


(1) $60000+3000+70+8=$ 63078
(2) $5 \times 8 \times 7=$ 280
(3) $8 l 550 m l-\frac{1}{4} l=\square$
(4) $\frac{5}{6}$ of $£ 42=$
(5) a $3 \frac{5}{8}=\frac{\square}{8}$
b $6 \frac{4}{5}=\frac{\square}{5}$
(6) $£ 7.30+\square 10 \mathrm{ps}=£ 10$
(7) $3650 \mathrm{~m}=\mathrm{km} \square \mathrm{m}$
(8) $180^{\circ}-\left(86^{\circ}+64^{\circ}\right)=$
(9) a $\frac{19}{50}=\square \%$
b $0.64=\square \%$
(10) $5.08=\square$ thousandths
(11) $6^{3}=6 \times 6 \times 6=$
(12) $£ 4.50 \div 7=\square \mathrm{pr} \square \mathrm{p}$

## B

## Answer

(1) Write in words the number which is 400 less than 50000.
forty-nine thousand six hundred
(2) Find in $£ s$ the total of $18 p, 16 p, 25 p, 9 p . £ 0.68$
(3) Change these improper fractions to mixed numbers.
a $\frac{35}{6} \quad$ b $\frac{63}{8}$
a $5^{\frac{5}{6}} \quad$ b $7^{\frac{7}{8}}$
(4) Find the difference between three 50 ps and the sum of twelve 5 ps and six 2 ps.

78p
(5) How many times is 25 g contained in 4 kg ? $\qquad$
6 Find the change from $\mathrm{a} € 5$ note after spending $€ 2.03$.
$€ 2.97$
(7) Which of these numbers are factors of 56?
$\begin{array}{lllll}2 & 3 & 5 & 7 & 9\end{array}$
2 and 7
( What percentage of $2 l$ is 400 ml ?
20\%
(9) Approximate
a 29.56 to the nearest 10
a 30
b 180000
b 180370 to the nearest 1000 .

10 What fraction in its simplest form is equal to
a $95 \%$
b 0.04?
a $\frac{19}{20} \quad$ b $\frac{1}{25}$

11 Find the cost of 700 g at 90 p per kilogram. $\qquad$
12 Find the area of a square with sides measuring 20 cm each.
$400 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$

## Answer

(1) How many thousandths must be added to 9.073 to make 10 ?
(2) Find the change from $£ 1.50$ after buying 2 kg of oranges at 36 p per $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg}$.
(3) Imran faces SE and turns clockwise through $1 \frac{1}{2}$ right angles. In which direction is he now facing? $\qquad$
(4) A car travels 40 km in 30 min . How many kilometres will it travel at this speed in $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~h}$ ? $\qquad$

200
6 From the diagram find what fraction of all the employees are
a men
b women.
a $\frac{3}{5}$
b $\frac{1}{4}$
c If the total number of employees is 400 how many are under 18?
c 60

Employees in a shop

(7) Amy spends $30 \%$ of her money on a book and saves $60 \%$. If she had 20 p left how much had she at first?

## £2.00

(8) A square with sides measuring 20 cm each is cut along both diagonals into four equal triangles. What is the area
of each triangle in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ?
(9) A bus departs at 19:47 and arrives at its destination 1 h 16 min later. Write the time of its arrival.
(10) The area of a rectangular path is $75 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. It is 50 cm wide. How long is it in metres? $\qquad$
(11) In seven weeks Katie saves $£ 3.15$. Find her mean average weekly savings.
(12) The measurements of the box are given.

Find the area of
a both the sides

| a | $85 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ |
| :---: | ---: |
| b | $60 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ |
| c | $102 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ |

$102 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(1) Write $10 \times 100 \times 100$
a in digits
a 100000
b in words.
b one hundred thousand
(2) $£ 7.60 \times 20=$
(3) $1=\frac{1}{4}+\frac{3}{8}+$
£152
(4) $10-6.32=$
(5) $320 \mathrm{~min}=\mathrm{h} \quad \mathrm{min}$
(6) $\frac{4}{5}$ of $£ 4.50=$
(7) $0.1751=\square \mathrm{ml}$
(8) $25 \%$ of $£ 7.00=$
(9) $2.4 \mathrm{~m}+55 \mathrm{~cm}=\square \mathrm{cm}$
(10) a $1 \%$ of $£ 1=\square p$
b $13 \%$ of $£ 1=\square$ p
(11) $4050 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{m}$
(12) $\frac{3 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{420g}}{6}=\square \mathrm{g}$
3.68
$5 \mathrm{~h} \quad 20 \mathrm{~min}$
$£ 3.60$

| £1.75 |
| :--- |

4 A bucket holds 51 when full. Find the quantity of water in litres and millilitres when the bucket is $\frac{3}{4}$ full. $\qquad$
(5) Which of these fractions is
a the largest
b the smallest?
a $\frac{3}{4}$
b ${ }^{\frac{3}{5}}$
57\%
a
b 129
(2) Of 300 children in a school, 43\% were boys.
a What percentage were girls?
b How many boys were there in the school?
(3)


Find the angle marked $x$.

(6) The attendance at a concert was 6843 .
a Approximate this number to the nearest thousand.
a 7000
b Find the difference between the actual and the approximate numbers.
b 157
(7) Sophie's home is 850 m from school. How far in kilometres does she walk in a week of five days, making one return journey each day?
8.5 km

8

a How many strips are cut?
b Find the total length of the strips in metres.
$\qquad$
b $3 m$
(9) A box containing 60 marshmallows costs $£ 3.68$. Find the cost of 15 marshmallows.

92p
10

| Dates of birth |  | Find the age in years <br> and months of |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Josh | 1.02 .2014 |  |  |
| Josh and James on |  |  |  |


| 16 yr | 7 mth |
| :---: | :---: |
| 18 yr | 11 mth |

(11) Through how many degrees does the minute hand of a clock turn in 10 minutes?

12 How many centimetre cubes are

(1) Write as a decimal $100+\frac{3}{10}+\frac{7}{1000}$. 100.307
(2) $4 \frac{3}{4} \times 8=$
(3) $£ 2-(35 p+63 p)=$
(4) $1 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{l}-900 \mathrm{ml}=\square \mathrm{ml}$
(5) $3.8-2.76=$
(6) $35 \%=\overline{100}=\overline{20}$
(7) $\mathrm{g} \times 100=4 \mathrm{~kg}$
( 7.43 a.m. to noon $=\square \mathrm{h} \square$ min
(9) $\frac{553 \mathrm{~mm}}{7}=\square \mathrm{cm} \square \mathrm{mm}$
(10) $830 \mathrm{~g} \times 5=\square \mathrm{kg}$
(11) a $10 \%$ of $£ 12.00=$
b $70 \%$ of $£ 12.00=$
(12) $\frac{2}{3}$ of $£ 1.08=f$

## B

(1) Multiply the sum of 29 and 18 by 8 .
(2) Decrease $£ 3.50$ by $20 \%$.
£2.80
Find the reflex angle AOB.
a $£ 1.20$
b $£ 8.40$
£0.72

## Answer



4 How many times is 0.7 m contained in 28 m ?
(5) How many days in 26 weeks? $\qquad$
(6) What percentage of 1 kg is 550 g ? 55\%
(7) Find the time in hours and minutes from 09:40 to 13:25. $\qquad$
(8) What is the cost of 2.5 kg at 18 p per $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg}$ ? $\qquad$

9


What percentage of the circle is


| $a$ | $30 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $b$ | $10 \%$ |
| $c$ | $60 \%$ |

(10) Approximate
a 27.9 km to the nearest kilometre
b 3.450 kg to the nearest kilogram.

| a | 28 km |
| ---: | ---: |
| b | 3 kg |

(11) 20 tennis balls cost $£ 8.20$. Find the cost of five. £2.05

12 The area of a rectangle is $30 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. Its width is 2.5 m . Find its length.

## Answer

(1) A milkshake which cost 43 p was paid for with a $£ 1$ coin. Which three coins were given as change?
50p $\quad 5 p \quad 2 p$

$$
x \quad y
$$

(2) In the number 30.632, how many times less is the 3 marked $y$ than the 3 marked $x$ ?
(3) Find the product of DX and V and write it using Roman numerals.

MMDL
(4) Four children receive these amounts of money: 55p, 66p, 45p and 50p.
Find the mean.
(5) A paddling pool contained 751 of water. $10 \%$ of it was wasted. Find in litres and millilitres the quantity which remained. $\qquad$
6

$A B C$ is an isosceles triangle. Find the angles at the base.

| $\angle A B C$ | $78^{\circ}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\angle A C B$ | $78^{\circ}$ |

$\angle A C B$
$78^{\circ}$
(7) $\{1,2,3,6,9,18,36\}$

Two numbers are missing from this set of factors of 36 . Which are they? $\qquad$
8 A dog's mass increased from 40 kg to 42 kg . What was the increase
a as a fraction
a $\quad \frac{1}{20}$
b as a percentage?
b 5\%

9 Which is the better buy, $A$ or $B$, and by how much?
A Eight 250 g packs of rice at 45 p per pack
B 2 kg of rice at $£ 1.60$ per kilogram
B by 40 p
10


Find in centimetres the length of a diameter which is twice that of the given circle.
(11) A tin of red paint costing $£ 4.50$ will cover $5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$.
a How many tins must be bought to cover a wall 5 m by 3 m ?
a 3
b What is the cost?
b $£ 13.50$
12


How many cm cubes are needed to fill it?
(1) $7 \times 10^{2}=$
(2) $\frac{3}{4}+\frac{1}{8}+2=$
(3) $100-(8 \times 9)=$
(4) $0.0851=\square \mathrm{ml}$
(5) $5.07 \times 6=$
(6) $\mathrm{f} 27 \div 100=\square$
(7) $650 \mathrm{~g}+0.5 \mathrm{~kg}=\mathrm{kg}$
(8) $\frac{1}{20}=\frac{}{100}=\square \%$
(9) $2 \mathrm{~h} 37 \mathrm{~min}+1 \mathrm{~h} 33 \mathrm{~min}=\mathrm{h} \square \mathrm{min}$
$1075 \%$ of $30 \mathrm{~kg}=\square \mathrm{kg} \square \mathrm{g}$
(11) $3+5 \times 2=$
(12) a $18 \mathrm{p}=\square$ of $£ 1$
b $45 \mathrm{~cm}=\square \%$ of 1 m

## Answer

(1) Write as a decimal 3085 thousandths.
(2) From the total of 83 p and $£ 1.06$ take 70 p. $£ 1.19$
(3) Find the product of 0.6 and 9 .
(4) Find the total number of days in the months of September, October and November.
(5) When a number is divided by 9 the answer is 64 r 5 . What is the number?
(6) Three peaches cost 87 p. Find the cost of two peaches.

58p
(7) What fraction in its lowest terms is a 800 g of 1 kg
b 150 ml of $\frac{1}{2}$ ?
(8) How many times greater is 5030 than 5.03?
(9) a $20 \%$ of $£ 8.50$
b $60 \%$ of $£ 8.50$
(10) Approximate
a $£ 1.095$ to the nearest penny
b 9.150 to the nearest $\frac{1}{2}$ l.
(11) 0.5 kg of grapes cost $£ 1.50$. Find the cost of 700 g .
a $\frac{4}{5}$
b $\frac{3}{10}$

1000

$$
\text { a } £ 1.70
$$

b $£ 5.10$
a $£ 1.10$
b 91


700
$\qquad$

| 28 |
| :--- |

85 ml
$\qquad$
27p
1.15 kg
$\qquad$
4h $\quad 10 \mathrm{~min}$
22kg 500 g

13
a $18 \%$
b
45\%
(1) The volume of a bucket is $1950 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$.

How many litres of water does it hold?
$\left(1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}=1 \mathrm{ml}\right)$
(2) A car travels 360 km on 40 l of petrol. How many kilometres per litre is this?

## Answer

3) $243 \times 15=3645$

Find a $2.43 \times 15$
a 36.45
b $24.3 \times 1.5$
b 36.45
(4) The bill at the end of a meal came to $£ 20.40 .10 \%$ was added as a service charge. How much was added?
£2.04
(5) Buses run at intervals of 18 min .

Find the times of the next two buses after 09:37.

09:55 10:13

6


In the triangle $A B C$, find $\angle A C B \quad 50^{\circ}$
$\angle B A C$. $75^{\circ}$
(7) The mass of a 10 p coin is 6.5 g . What is the mass in kilograms of $£ 20$ in 10 ps?
(8) A line 9 cm long represents the distance flown by an aeroplane. If the line is drawn to a scale of 1 mm to 50 km , find the actual distance.
(9) Follow this number trail. What number do you reach?
start at $3 \rightarrow$ subtract $7 \rightarrow$
add $9 \rightarrow$ subtract $12 \rightarrow$
(10) A rectangle measures 3 m long and 70 cm wide. Find its area in $\mathrm{m}^{2}$.
(11) Seven lemons cost $£ 2.80$.
a What fraction of $£ 2.80$ will three lemons cost?
b Find the cost of five lemons.
(12) Point A is at $(-2,1)$.

Write the coordinates of its reflection in the $y$-axis (the vertical axis).
$1 \quad 2$ 2, 1)
a $\frac{3}{7}$
b $£ 2.00$


## Answer

1 Write in digits
a 0.7 million
b 1.2 million.
a 700000
b 1200000
(2) $19 p+27 p+63 p=f$
£1.09
12650 m
(3) $12.65 \mathrm{~km}=\mathrm{m}$
(4) $2 \frac{7}{8}+1 \frac{1}{8}+1 \frac{1}{4}=$
(5. a $1 \%$ of twenty thousand $=$
b $100 \%$ of four hundred and nine $=$
a 200
b 409
(6) $\frac{x}{6}=12$. Find the value of $x$.
(7) $1.65 \mathrm{~m}-95 \mathrm{~cm}=\square \mathrm{cm}$

$$
\square
$$

(8) $\frac{3}{25}=\frac{\square}{100}=\square \%$
(9) $350 \mathrm{ml} \times 9=\square$ l
(10) $4.050 \mathrm{~kg}+\square \mathrm{g}=5 \mathrm{~kg}$
(11) $35 \mathrm{p} \times 100=$
(12) $970 \div 40=\square r$

## B

## Answer

1 How many thousandths are there in five point zero eight?
(2) Find the mean average of $2.7,3.6$ and 1.8 .
(3) How many times is 250 ml contained in 3.51 ?
(4) Increase $\$ 240$ by $5 \%$.
(5) How many hours and minutes from midnight to 1.45 p.m.?
(6) Which of these numbers is a multiple of 4,6 and 9 ?

> | 27 | 42 | 54 | 63 | 72 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(7) What is the mass in kilograms of six presents each having a mass of 230 g ?
( $825 \%$ of a sum of money is 73 p. What is the whole amount?
(9) Find the cost of 50 g at $£ 2.60$ per $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg}$.
(10) Write the answer to the nearest whole number. $\frac{705}{8}=$
\$252

13h 45 min

- 10

The radius of the inner circle is 56 mm and the shaded ring is 16 mm wide. Find in centimetres the diameter of the outer circle. $\qquad$
(11) The dimensions of a triangle are base 15 cm , height 12 cm . Find the area of the triangle.

12 a How many cm cubes fit exactly into the bottom of the box?
b How many of these layers are required to fill the box?
$\qquad$
$90 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
a 45
b 6

## Answer

(1) Jamil received $12 p$ change from $£ 2$ after buying four tins of tomatoes. Find the cost per tin.
(2) The diameter of a circle is 15.6 cm . Find its radius in millimetres.

78 mm
(4) Which of these fractions or percentages are equal to 0.15 ?

| $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{3}{10}$ | $15 \%$ | $\frac{3}{20}$ | $\frac{18}{100}$ | $3 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(5) Find the smallest sum of money which must be added to $£ 2.45$ to make it exactly divisible by 9 .

6 The chart shows the percentages of adults and children who live on a street of 720 people.
a What percentage are girls?
a 40\%
b Find the total number of men and women.

$$
\text { b } 180
$$

b 180 $\qquad$

| women | men | boys | girls |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $13 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $?$ |

Tuesday 6 April
(8) A bath when $\frac{5}{8}$ full holds 60 litres. How many litres does it hold when a $\frac{1}{8}$ full b $\frac{3}{4}$ full?
a 121
(9) The price of a ticket is increased from $£ 1$ to $£ 1.18$. What is the percentage increase? $\qquad$ $18 \%$

r
b 721
7 A 12-day holiday started on Friday 26 March. On which day and date did the holiday end?

12
b
$11 \frac{3}{8}$ of a sum of money is 24 p .
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

者 Find $\frac{7}{8}$ of the sum of money.
(12) The perimeter of a square is 1.2 m . Find a the length of a side in cm
$b$ the area of the square in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$.
a 30 cm
£2.92
26p

|  | 88 |
| ---: | ---: |
|  | $56 p$ |
| a | 30 cm |
| b | $900 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ |

Answer
(1) $5 \times 10^{3}=$
(2) $2.8051=\square \mathrm{ml}$
(3) $£ 0.07 \times 50=£$
(4) $44 \mathrm{~mm}+28 \mathrm{~mm}+32 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{cm}$
(5) $\frac{7}{8}$ of $640=$
(6) $1 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~kg}-\square \mathrm{g}=1.2 \mathrm{~kg}$
(7) $(0.25 \times 4) \div 100=$
(8) $5 \%$ of $3000=$
(9) a $\frac{6}{25}=\frac{}{100}=\square \%$
b $\frac{9}{20}=\overline{100}=\square \%$
10 $0.46+\square=0.505$
(11) $3 \mathrm{~m} 40 \mathrm{~cm} \times 7=\square \mathrm{m}$
(12) $£ 34 \div 8=$
£3.50
£4.25
2805ml
10.4 cm
$\qquad$
550 g
$\qquad$
150
a $\frac{24}{100}=24 \%$
b $\frac{45}{100}=45 \%$
0.045
23.8 m

Answer

2000 hundred thousand?
(2) 1 tonne $=1000 \mathrm{~kg}$. Write in tonnes a 2050 kg
b 800 kg .
a $\quad 2.05$ tonnes
b $\quad 0.8$ tonnes
(3) Write 59 -sixths as a an improper fraction
b a mixed number.

4 Find the missing numbers in the sequence.
$3.65,3.8,3.95$,
$4.1 \quad 4.25$
(5) Find in degrees the difference between the temperatures $7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $-8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
6100 pencils cost $£ 7.00$. Find the cost of
 a 1 pencil b 30 pencils.
b $£ 2.10$
7


Find
$\angle A D C$
$53^{\circ}$
$\angle B C D$.
$127^{\circ}$
(8) What percentage is
a $£ 7$ of $£ 20$
a
35\%
b 28 kg of 40 kg ?
b 70\%

9 How many days inclusive are there from 27 May to 9 June?
$1030 \%$ of a sum of money is 27 p .
a Find $10 \%$ of the money.
b Find $100 \%$ of the money.
a
9p
b
90p
(11) Divide $£ 2.00$ by 7 . Give the answer to the nearest penny.

29p
12 Which year is represented by MMXIX?

## Answer

(1) The population of a city increased from $\frac{3}{4}$ million to 1.1 million. Write in digits the number by which the population increased.
(2) A box of doughnuts weighs 400 g . a How many boxes can be made from 3.5 kg ?
b How many grams are left?
(3) In one week Mark drove 503.6 km . Find to the nearest kilometre his mean average daily journey.
(4) Which of these numbers do not change in value if the zeros are omitted?

| 0.740 | 3.016 | 0570 | 0.364 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



The perimeter of a regular pentagon is 36 cm . Find in millimetres a the length of one side
a
72 mm
b the length of one side of a regular octagon of the same perimeter.
b
45 mm
6 In a test, Luca scored $87 \%$ of a possible mark of 200. How many marks did he lose?
(7) Nadeen's date of birth is 20/04/14. She is 1 year 9 months younger than Emma. What is Emma's date of birth?

20/07/12

8

$A B C$ is a right-angled triangle. Find the exterior angles marked $x$ and $y$.
$\angle x=$ $142^{\circ}$
$\angle y=$ $128^{\circ}$
(9) 1 l of water has a mass of 1 kg . If a jar contains 5650 ml of water, find the mass of the water to the nearest $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg}$.
(10) William's wage was increased from $£ 120$ to $£ 132$ per week. Find the increase
a as a fraction in its simplest form
a
$\frac{1}{10}$
b as a percentage of the original wage.
b

```10\%
```

(11) The mass of an empty box is 870 g . This is $\frac{3}{10}$ of its total mass when filled.
Find its total mass when filled in kilograms. $\qquad$
(12) A roll of carpet is 50 cm wide. Find the length required to cover a surface which measures $8.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$.
(2) $£ 1.06+7 p+94 p=£$
(3) $1.35 \mathrm{~kg}-900 \mathrm{~g}=\square \mathrm{g}$
(4) $4.139=4+\overline{100}+\overline{1000}$
(5) $2 \frac{3}{8} \times 5=$
(6) $10000 \div 8=$
(7) $2 \mathrm{~h} 15 \mathrm{~min}-50 \mathrm{~min}=\square \mathrm{h} \square \mathrm{min}$
(8) $\frac{7}{10}$ of $£ 1.60=$
(9) $0.85=\square \%=\frac{\square}{20}$

10 $46 \mathrm{~cm} \times 30=\square \mathrm{m}$
(11) a $3 \%$ of $£ 1=\square p$
b $12 \%$ of $£ 1=\square$ p
(12) $\frac{21250 \mathrm{ml}}{5}=\square \mathrm{ml}$

1250000
£2.07
450 g
 $11^{\frac{7}{8}}$
1250

1h 25 min
$£ 1.12$

13.80 m
a 3p
b
$12 p$

B
(1) Multiply the difference between 1.8 and 2.5 by 6 .
(2) What is the mean in millilitres of $\frac{1}{2} l$, $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{l}$ and 150 ml ?
(3) How many times can a length of 15 cm be cut from 4.5 m ?

4 What percentage of
a 30 is 15
b $£ 1$ is 23 p?
(5) Find the two missing numbers in this sequence.
$4 \frac{1}{2}, 4 \frac{1}{8}, 3 \frac{3}{4}$, $\qquad$
(6) $\frac{1}{2}$ l of vinegar costs $£ 1.20$. Find the cost of 200 ml .

7 Write the 24-hour clock time which is 27 min later than 23:36.

## Answer

|  | 4.2 |
| ---: | ---: |
|  | 300 ml |
| a | 30 |
| b | $50 \%$ |

$3^{\frac{3}{8}}$ 3
$\qquad$
(8) The total mass of nine equal packets is 6 kg 750 g . Find in grams the mass of one packet.
(9) $5 \%$ of a sum of money is $£ 0.65$. What is the whole amount?
£13
(10) By how many tenths is $6 \frac{1}{5}$ greater than $5 \frac{1}{2}$ ?

(11) If 1 m is divided into seven equal parts, what is the length of each part to the nearest centimetre?

14 cm
12 The area of a rectangle is $205 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. Its width is 10 cm . Find its length.

## Answer

(1) How many thousandths must be added to 4.206 to make 5 ? Write the answer
as a decimal.
0.794
(2) Freya saves $8 p$ per week for a year. How much are her total savings?
£4.16
(3) A train journey takes 2 h 35 min . If a train arrives at 21:05, what was the time of its departure?
(4) There are 50 sheets of paper in a pack. How many packs can be made from twenty thousand sheets?
5

$A B C D$ is a square with sides measuring 9 cm . Find
a the area of the square
a $81 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
b the area of the shaded parallelogram. $b \quad 81 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(6) The price of a radio is $£ 60$. By how much is its price increased if it is paid for in eight equal instalments of $£ 9$ each?
£12
(7) A car travelled at an average speed of $90 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ for $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~h}$. What distance did it travel?
135 km
(8) The diagram shows how Emma's holiday money is spent during a week in France. What percentage is spent on
a food
a $\qquad$
b tourist attractions?
b $\qquad$
c If the total holiday money is $£ 125$, how much is not spent?
c $£ 12.50$

(9) Three bananas have a mass of 400 g . How many bananas will give a mass of 2.4 kg ?18
(10) Nathan spent $\frac{1}{4}$ of his money on sweets and $\frac{1}{2}$ of the remainder on bus fares. What fraction of his money was left?
(11) Find the difference between $7+3 \times 5$ and $(7+3) \times 5$.

$$
28
$$

12 Find
a the area of the bottom of the box $\qquad$
b the volume of the box.
b $170 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$

In each case give the unit of measurement.

(1) $3^{4}=3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3=$
(2) $6.09 \times 7=$
(3) three 10 ps + seven 5 ps $=£ 0.73-\square$ p
(4) $20 \%$ of $3 \mathrm{~kg} 600 \mathrm{~g}=\square \mathrm{g}$
(5) $\frac{3}{10}+\frac{7}{10}+\frac{9}{10}=$
(6) $\frac{9072}{9}=$
(7) $1.750 \mathrm{l}-\square \mathrm{ml}=800 \mathrm{ml}$
(8) $x+x+x+x=108$. Find the value of $x$.
(9) $£ 2.08=\square 2 \mathrm{ps}$
(10) $285 \mathrm{~min}=\square \square \mathrm{min}$
(11) $a \frac{4}{5}=\square \%$
b $\frac{3}{10}=\square \%$
12 $(3 \times 56 p)+(2 \times 56 p)=$

## B

(1) Write as a decimal the sum of 7 tenths and 39 hundredths.
(2) Write the year 2016 using Roman numerals.
(3) By how many grams is 2.345 kg less than $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg}$ ?

4


Calculate the reflex angle AOC.

5 What is the annual interest on $£ 650$ at $5 \%$ ?
(6) A car travels 28 km in 30 min . Find its speed in $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{h}$.
7 Write in digits the date
a 6 months later than 1 Oct. 03
b 4 months before 1 Mar. 96 .
(8) 750 ml of vegetable oil cost 72 p . Find the price per litre.
(9) A shelf measures 5 m long and 20 cm wide. Find its area in $\mathrm{m}^{2}$.

10 What is the missing amount of money? $8 \longdiv { f \square . \square }$
(11) Approximate
a 199503 to the nearest 1000
b 7 kg 350 g to the nearest $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg}$.

| 42.63 |
| :--- |

$\square$
720 g
$\square$
1008
950 ml
$\qquad$
104 2ps
$\qquad$
a 80\%
b 30\%

## £2.80

## Answer

1.09
MMXVI

155 g

|  |
| ---: |
| $219^{\circ}$ |

£32.50

56km/h
a 01/04/04
b 01/11/95

96p
$1 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
£8.72
a 200000

[^0]

The base of this triangle is double the height. Find the area of the triangle.
( A bottle holds 150 ml . Find in litres the contents of 20 bottles.

## Answer

(2) 300 people attended a concert. $63 \%$ were adults and the remainder children.
a What percentage were children?
a
$37 \%$
b How many adults were present?
b 189
(3) The mean height of three children is 130 cm . The heights of two of the children are 105 cm and 140 cm respectively. Find the height of the third child.

4 Find the change from $£ 2$ and 50 p after spending 93p, $£ 1.17$ and 28 p.
(5) $1.8 \times 0.7=1.26$

Now write the answers to
a $0.18 \times 0.7$
b $1.8 \times 70$
a 0.126
b 126
6

a How many cm cubes can be cut from it?
a 100
b $\quad 100 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
b Write the volume of the bar in $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$.
(7) The price of 250 g of butter was increased from 60 p to 66 p. Find the increase as a percentage of the original price.
(8) A plan is drawn to the scale of 1 mm to 50 m . What distance in kilometres is represented by a line 10 cm long?

$$
5 \mathrm{~km}
$$

(9) Eight kittens of equal mass together have a mass of 7 kg 400 g .
a Find the mass in grams of four of the kittens.

b What fraction of the total mass is the mass of three of the kittens?
b ${ }^{\frac{3}{8}}$
10


How many square tiles with sides 10 cm are required to cover the kitchen floor?
(11) Five magazines cost $£ 3.78$. Find the cost of one magazine to the nearest penny.


A skeleton model of a cube with sides 6 cm is made by fastening together lengths of straws. Find the total length required.

Answer

| 502104 |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| 0.73 |  |
| 80 p |  |
| 950 ml |  |
| 38 mm |  |
|  | 235 g |
|  | 928 |
|  | 1.95 kg |
|  | $1 \frac{5}{8}$ |
|  |  |
|  | 90 p |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## B

## Answer

(1) Write 35 out of 50 as
a a fraction in its simplest form
b a percentage.
2 By how many degrees does the temperature rise from $-3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $9^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ?
(3) $x=25-12 \times 2 \quad y=(25-12) \times 2$ Find the value of $\mathrm{a} x$ b $y$ c $y-x$.
a 1 b 26 c 25
(4) Find the change from a $£ 10$ note after paying for three hot chocolates at £2.90 each.
£1.30
a $\frac{7}{10}$
b $\qquad$ 70\% ,
(11) $10 \times y=0.35$. Find the value of $y$.
(12) $\frac{\mathrm{f} 21.56}{7}=$
£3.08

5 By how many minutes is $2 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~h}$ longer than 1 h 55 min ?

6 8.25l of juice is needed to fill 10 bottles. How many millilitres of juice are in each bottle?

825 ml
(7) $\frac{1}{2}=0.5 ; \frac{1}{4}=0.25$ Write $\frac{1}{8}$ as a decimal fraction.
(8) What number is 17 less than -9 ?

9 What decimal fraction when multiplied by 9 gives 6.3 as the answer?
(10) Which of these numbers are factors of 64?

| 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$2,4,8$
(11) Material costs $£ 7.86$ per metre.

Find to the nearest penny the cost of 20 cm .
£1.57
12


The perimeter of this rhombus is 15.6 cm . Find the length of one side in millimetres.

## Answer

(1) A joint of meat had a mass of 2 kg 700 g . $10 \%$ of its mass was lost in cooking. Find the loss in grams.
(2) A shop opens from 8.30 a.m. to noon and 1.30 p.m. to 6 p.m.
a How many hours is the shop open?
b What fraction of the day is it open?
(3) A

$B \quad A C$ and $B D$ are the diagonals of the rectangle and $\angle B D C$ is $30^{\circ}$.

Find the angles marked $x, y$ and $z$.
(4) $25 \%$ of a sum of money is $£ 9.76$. What is $12 \frac{1}{2} \%$ of this amount?
(5) Place a decimal point in each of these numbers so that the value of the digit 9 is 9 thousandths.
a 309
b 79
c 2009

6 Water from a full $\frac{1}{2}$ l jug was poured into a bowl. When the bowl was filled there were 115 ml left. What was the capacity of the bowl in $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ?
b 0.079
b 0.079
c 2.009

| $\angle x$ | $60^{\circ}$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $\angle y$ | $120^{\circ}$ |
| $\angle z$ | $60^{\circ}$ |

£4.88
a 0.309
a 8h
$\qquad$
b $\frac{1}{3}$

270 g

## Answer

(1) $2.703=\overline{10}+\frac{\square}{1000}$
(2) $\frac{4}{5}$ of $1.5 \mathrm{~kg}=\square \mathrm{g}$
(3) $£ 0.76 \times 30=$
(4) $50000-970=$
(5) $2 \mathrm{~h} 37 \mathrm{~min}+7 \mathrm{~h} 53 \mathrm{~min}=\mathrm{h}$
(6) $2 \mathrm{l} 700 \mathrm{ml} \times 8=\square \mathrm{l} \square \mathrm{ml}$
(7) $10^{4}=10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10=$
(8) two 50 ps + three $20 p s+$ ten $5 p s=f$
(9) a $27 p=$ \% of $£ 1.00$
b $35 \mathrm{~cm}=\quad \%$ of 1 m
(10) $4 \frac{3}{8} \times 7=$

£22.80
49030
$10 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~h}$

211 600 ml
10000
£2.10
a $27 \%$
b $35 \%$
a $£ 1.98$
b $£ 6.75$
b $75 \%$ of $£ 9.00=$
(12) Write as decimal fractions.
a $\frac{2}{5}$
a 0.4
b 0.375
c 0.79

## B

## Answer

(1) By how many is 1.4 million greater than nine hundred thousand?

500000
(2) Subtract $37 p$ from the total of $29 p, 21 p$ and $4 p$.
(3) What mass in kilograms is six times $4 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{300g}$ ?
25.8 kg
(4) By how many times is 8.3 greater than 0.083?
(5) What fraction in simplest form is equal to
a $16 \%$
b $45 \%$ ?
a $\frac{4}{25} \quad$ b $\frac{9}{20}$
(6) 10 sausages cost $£ 2.90$. Find the cost of a one sausage
a 29p
b three sausages.
b 87p
(7) A line is 49 mm longer than the line $A B$. What is the length of the line in millimetres?

124 mm

(8) How many times is 2.5 contained in 100? 40

9 How many days inclusive from 19 Mar. 2006 to 5 Apr. 2006?
$10 \frac{108.9}{6}$ Write the answer to the
nearest whole number. 18

11 Find the cost of 1.3 kg at 20 p per 100 g .
$£ 2.60$
(12) The perimeter of a rectangle is 85 cm . Its length is 28 cm . Find its width.
14.5 cm

Answer
(1) If $£ 1.00$ can be exchanged for $€ 1.38$, how many euros are received for $£ 50$ ?
(2) When a number is divided by 7 the answer is $208 \frac{5}{7}$. Find the number.
(3) A vase holds 5.61 of water. What is the volume of the vase in $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ?
(4) Which of these fractions are a greater than $\frac{1}{2}$
b less than $\frac{1}{4}$ ?

| $\frac{3}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\frac{7}{10}$ | $\frac{5}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ | $\frac{3}{5}$ | $\frac{1}{3}$ | $\frac{8}{12}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(5) Four plants are given 5 ml plant food daily. How many days will a 0.31 bottle of plant food last?

6

a What fraction of the circumference of the circle is the arc $A B$ ?
b If the angle at the centre were $40^{\circ}$, what fraction of the circumference would be its arc?

(7) On 21 December the sun rises at 08:03 and sets at 15:50. How many hours and minutes of daylight are there on this day? $\qquad$
8 Megan saved $€ 10$ every week for a year. Her dad then gave her a gift of $20 \%$ of her savings. How much did her dad give her?

$$
€ 104
$$

(9) A piece of ribbon 1 m 36 cm long is cut into two pieces so that one piece is three times as long as the other. Find the length of each piece.
$34 \mathrm{~cm} \quad 102 \mathrm{~cm}$
(10) Which of the triangles $A, B$ and $C$ have the same area?

A and C

|  | A | B | C |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| base | 8 cm | 9 cm | 10 cm |
| height | 6 cm | 4 cm | 4.8 cm |

(11) Point A is at $(-2,1)$. Write the coordinates of its reflection in
the $x$-axis (the horizontal axis).



12 A point at $(-3,-3)$ is translated five squares to the right and four squares up.
What are its new coordinates?
( $-2, \quad-1$ )


## Answer

(1) Write these improper fractions as mixed numbers.
a $\frac{74}{5} \quad b \frac{39}{7}$
a $14 \frac{4}{5} \quad$ b $5^{\frac{4}{7}}$


2 Find in litres the total of 830 ml , 360 ml and 170 ml .
(3) Of these numbers which is
a the largest
a 3.333
b the smallest?
b 3.03
$\begin{array}{llll}3.03 & 3.33 & 3.3 & 3.333\end{array}$
(4) Which year is MCMXCIX?
(5) Write as a fraction in its simplest form.
a 15 mm of 15 cm
b $25 \min$ of 1 h
a $\frac{1}{10}$
b $\frac{5}{12}$

6 Find the difference between 0.394 and 0.4 .
(7) Which of these numbers are multiples of both 5 and 8 ?

$$
\begin{array}{llllll}
16 & 25 & 40 & 64 & 90 & 120
\end{array}
$$

(8) $\frac{3}{8}$ of a sum of money is 45 p. Find $\frac{1}{2}$ of the sum of money.

60p
9 Find to the nearest centimetre one seventh of $6 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~m}$.

89 cm
(10) What sum of money is $200 \%$ of $£ 170$ ?

## £340

£3.70
11 Find the cost of 2.5 kg at 74 p per 500 g .
12


Find the length of the sides $A D$ and $B C$.

## Answer

(1) By how many is $\left(10^{3}+16\right)$ greater than $\left(10^{2}+16\right)$ ?
(2) George's date of birth is 27 Nov. 04. How old will he be in years and months on 1 Sept. 2020?
(3) Sophie received a gift of $£ 16$. She saved $90 \%$ of the money and spent the rest.
a What percentage did she spend?
b How much did she save?

4


Each of the equal angles in this isosceles triangle is twice the size of the third angle. Find the size of
a the third angle
b the equal angles at the base.
$\qquad$

15yr 9mth a 10\%
b $£ 14.40$
a $36^{\circ}$
b $72^{\circ}$

5 A line 10 cm long is drawn to represent a distance of 3 km . To what scale is the line drawn?

1 cm to 300 m

6

| Potatoes |
| :---: |
| $£ 1.40$ for a 3 kg bag |
| or 24 p per $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg}$ |

How much money is saved by buying 6 kg of potatoes in bags?
(7) A rectangular plot of ground measures 19.7 m long and 13.4 m wide. Round each measurement to the nearest metre and then find the approximate area of the plot.
$260 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$

8 Which of these shapes have two axes of symmetry?


9 There were three candidates $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C in an election. Of the total possible votes A polled $\frac{1}{4}$, B polled $\frac{1}{6}$ and C polled $\frac{1}{3}$.
a Which candidate won the election?
a C
b What fraction of the electors did not vote?
b $\frac{1}{4}$ $\qquad$
$10 x=8 \times 4+4 \quad y=8 \times(4+4)$
Find the value of $\mathrm{a} x$
a 36
b $y$
b 64
c $y-x$.
c 28
11 The price of a pen was increased from 30 p to 36 p. Find the increase as a percentage of the original price.

20\%
12 Find in millimetres the diameter of a circle that has the radius 7.7 cm .

## Answer

1. 1.4 million +0.3 million $=$

2 $1000 \times \square=300$
(3) a $5 \%$ of $£ 30=$
b $40 \%$ of $£ 50=$
4 $2.050 \mathrm{l}-\square \mathrm{ml}=1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{l}$
(5) $2+5 \times 5-7=$
(6) $6 \times 9 \times 5 \times 4=$
(7) $\frac{4.56 \mathrm{~m}}{8}=\square \mathrm{cm}$
(8) a $0.65=\square \%=\frac{\square}{20}$
b $0.12=\square \%=3$
(9) $7 \mathrm{~h}-3 \mathrm{~h} 28 \mathrm{~min}=\mathrm{h} \quad \min$
(10) $1.34+\square=1.876$
(11) $9.072 \times 7=$

12 $£ 5.00 \div 6=\square \mathrm{pr} \square \mathrm{p}$
a $£ 1.50$
b $£ 20$
1.7 million
$\qquad$

550 ml

1080

57 cm


| 3 h | 32 min |
| ---: | ---: |
|  | 0.536 |
|  | 63.504 |
| 83 pr | 2 p |

## Answer

(1) Take the sum of $\frac{2}{3}$ and $\frac{5}{6}$ from 2.
2. How many times is 600 g contained in 4.8 kg ?
(3) $f$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { £ } & \\ 4.7 \quad 4 & \text { Find the missing } \\ \text { sum of money. }\end{array}$ $-\quad . \square \square$
4. How many days inclusive from 23 Nov. to 9 Dec?
$\left(5\right.$ Find the reflex angle to an angle of $63^{\circ}$.
6 To the total of 850 ml and 950 ml add 1.6l. Give the answer in litres.
(7) What percentage of
a $£ 400$ is $£ 20$
b 1 tonne is 250 kg ?
(8) Write the year 1066 using Roman numerals.
(9) $40 \%$ of a sum of money is 60 p. Find the whole amount.

10 Which of these decimal fractions equals $\frac{1}{8}$ ?

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
0.8 & 0.15 & 0.25 & 0.125 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

(11) Divide $£ 10.00$ by 3 . Give the answer to the nearest penny.
(12) A piece of paper is 210 mm by 30 cm . Find its area in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$.
b 25\%
a $5 \%$

MLXVI
£1.50

C

## Answer

(1) By how many is $\left(3 \times 10^{3}\right)$ less than five thousand?
(2) The mass of a 5 p coin is 3.25 g . What is the value of the 5 ps in a bag if their mass is 0.325 kg ?
£5
(3) Of 240 children in a school, 180 bring a packed lunch. Find the percentage of children who have school lunches.
(4) Find to the nearest kilometre the distance by road from Alton to Bigby.

(5) The mean temperature over four consecutive days was $17^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. For three of the days the temperatures were $16^{\circ}, 14^{\circ}$ and $18^{\circ}$ respectively. What was the temperature on the fourth day?
(6) Find the value of $7-3 \times 2+10$. $\qquad$
(7) In this chart two of the prices, marked $x$ and $y$, are missing. What are they?
$x \quad 36 p$

| mass | 100 g | 150 g | 200 g | 300 g | 400 g |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| price | 18 p | 27 p | $x$ | 54 p | $y$ |

(8) Maisie saves $£ 7.50$ in five months.

If she continues to save at the same rate, how much will she have saved in
a 7 months
a $£ 10.50$
b 1 year?
b $£ 18$

9


10


The diameter of each circle is 15.8 cm . What is the distance in millimetres between the two centres?

$$
79 \mathrm{~mm}
$$

(11) Yan scored 19 out of 20 in a test. What is his score as a percentage?

95\%
12 A hollow cube has sides measuring 20 cm . If the cube is half filled with water, what is the mass of the water in kilograms?

Write the numbers 1 to 20 down the side of a piece of paper.
Write alongside these numbers the answers only to the following questions.
Work as quickly as you can. Time allowed - $\mathbf{1 0}$ minutes.
(1) Write in words the number which is equal to $\left(5 \times 10^{3}\right)+(7 \times 10)+2$.
five thousand and seventy-two
2. How many times is 1083 greater than 1.083 ?
(3) How many 5ps are given in exchange for the coins shown below? 29 5ps

(4) $8.15 \mathrm{l}-800 \mathrm{ml}$. Write the answer in litres.
(5) $\frac{x}{9}=7$. Find the value of $x$.

6


By how many degrees is the angle marked $x$ in the parallelogram less than the angle marked $y$ ?
(7) The price of a game was increased from $£ 20$ to $£ 25$.

What is the increase as a percentage of the original price?
(8) A line 8 cm long represents a distance of 320 m . The scale to which the line is drawn is 1 mm to $\square \mathrm{m}$. $\qquad$
(9) Write as a mixed number the difference between 3 and 0.25 . $\qquad$
$10 x=10 \times 8-5 \quad y=10 \times(8-5) \quad$ Find the value of $a x$ b $y$ c $x-y$.

11


Hollie had $£ 4.20$. The diagram shows how she used it.
How much money did she put into the savings bank?
(12) The number of people living in a small town was 19097. In five years the population decreased by $10 \%$. Find the decrease to the nearest whole number.
(13) The area of a triangle is $32.2 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. Its height is 7 cm . Find the length of the base.

14

|  | depart | arrive |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | $10: 20$ | $13: 55$ |
|  | $11: 25$ | $14: 15$ |
|  |  |  |

This timetable gives the times of two trains from London to Darlington. Which train is quickest and by how many minutes?
(15) A pack of eight cartons of juice costs $£ 3.75$. Find to the nearest penny the cost of one carton.

16 Two of the angles in a quadrilateral are $89^{\circ}$, another angle is $91^{\circ}$.
a What is the size of the fourth angle?
b Which three of these shapes could the quadrilateral be?
parallelogram rhombus rectangle trapezium

17 The perimeter of a rectangular hall is 36 m . The width measures one third of the length. Find the length of the hall. $\qquad$
(18) $\frac{5}{6}$ of a sum of money is $£ 10.40$. What is the whole amount?
(19) A car travels at a speed of $45 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ for 1 h . How far did it travel in 20 min ?

20 Write in centimetres the diameter of a circle with a radius of 128 mm .

You will work through Progress Test 1 at four different times - once at the end of Section 1, then again after you have completed each of Section 2 Test 4, Test 8 and Test 11.
When you first complete the test:
a colour the first column to show the number of answers correct out of 20
b enter the date.
Each time you take the test, enter the result and the date in the marked columns.


1

(2) Add 1.0, 0.1 and 0.001 .
(3) $3375 \mathrm{~mm}=\square$
(4) $\square \times 10=498700$

Write in words the number shown on the abacus.
-
two hundred and thirty-five thousand and four hundred
(5) $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}=$
(6) $8 \mathrm{~kg}-6.075 \mathrm{~kg}=\square \mathrm{kg}$
(7) $6 \times 5 \times 9=$

$$
270
$$

(8) $2 \frac{1}{4} \min =\square \mathrm{s}$ 135s
(9) $\frac{3}{5}$ of $£ 45=£$
(10) $\frac{3}{12}+\frac{1}{6}=$
(11) $3^{3}-2^{3}=$ 19
(12) Find $15 \%$ of $£ 2.00$. $30 p$

## B

## Answer

(1) 1 m costs $£ 1.50$. Find the cost of 10 cm . $\qquad$
(2) Write $\frac{12}{16}$ in its simplest form.
(3) To the difference between $£ 5.00$ and £2.55 add six 2ps.
£2.57
(4) A square has a perimeter of 320 mm . Find its area in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$. $\qquad$
(5) How many times can 0.25 be taken from 1? $\qquad$
(6) 5 miles $\approx 8 \mathrm{~km}$. About how many kilometres is 45 miles?

72 km
(7) When a watering can is $\frac{3}{4}$ full it holds 900 ml . How much does it hold in litres when it is full?
1.21
(8) What percentage of $£ 6$ is $£ 1.50$ ? 25\%

9 Find the volume in $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ of a room 5 m long, 4 m wide and 2.5 m high.

10 What fraction in its simplest form is equal to $12.5 \%$ ?

(11) How many times heavier is 7.5 kg than 75 g ?
(12) Write these fractions in order of size, the largest first.

| $\frac{2}{3}$ | $\frac{3}{4}$ | $\frac{7}{12}$ | $\frac{5}{6}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



C
Answer
(1) Six 30 cm candles are placed end to end.

How many millimetres short of 2 m is their total length?

200 mm
(2) In which century did each of these years fall? Write the answers in digits.
a 1676
a
17th
b 1918
b $\qquad$ 20th
(3)


Find
a the reflex angle $Y$ a $251^{\circ}$
b the acute angle $Z$.
b $75^{\circ}$
(4) 36758 Write this number and use a decimal point to make
the value of the number
a between 360 and 370
a 367.58
b between 30 and 40 .
b 36.758
(5) Which number when divided by 6
has $\frac{1}{3}$ as the answer? $\qquad$
6 Which of these numbers have 2,3 and 4 as factors?

| 12 | 17 | 18 | 24 | 27 | 31 | 36 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(7) Harry walks at an average speed of $6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. How many hours will he take to walk 15 km ?
(8) A plan is drawn to a scale of 1 mm to 10 cm . Write the scale as a fraction.

9


There are 24 small squares in the diagram. Find as a fraction in its simplest form the part which is
a shaded $\square$
b unshaded $\square$ c patterned 睤

b $\frac{1}{8}$
$\frac{5}{24}$

10 Round each amount to the nearest f and then find the approximate total.

$$
\begin{array}{|lll|}
\hline £ 5.75 & £ 3.25 & £ 2.99 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

11


Find the area of a the triangle $A B C$ a $56 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
b a triangle having the same base but half the height of $A B C$
b $28 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(12) $346 \times 18=6228$

Find a $346 \times 0.18$
a 62.28
b $34.6 \times 1.8$.
b 62.28
(1) $4 \times y=96$ Find the value of $y$.
(2) $£ 3.78+£ 2.55=$
(3) $35 \mathrm{~min} \times 5=\square \square \mathrm{min}$
(4) $£ \quad+£ 2.37=£ 6.00$
(5) 1 tonne $(\mathrm{t})=1000 \mathrm{~kg}$ $3080 \mathrm{~kg}=\mathrm{t} \quad \mathrm{kg}$
(6) $2 \frac{3}{8}-1 \frac{1}{4}=$
(7) $4.804=\underline{1000}$
(8) a $\frac{1}{6}$ of $156=$
b $\frac{1}{12}$ of $156=$
(9) a 20 p of $£ 2.00=\square \%$
b 20 p of $£ 4.00=\square \%$
(10) $4^{3}+4^{2}=$
(11) $5057 \mathrm{~m}+\square \mathrm{m}=5.750 \mathrm{~km}$
(12) $\frac{£ 3.50}{10} \times 3=$

| £6.33 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 h | 55 min |
| £3.63 |  |
| 3 t | 80kg |
|  | $1 \frac{1}{8}$ |
|  | 4804 1000 |

a 26
b 13

| a | $10 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| b | $5 \%$ |

b
£1.05

## B

## Answer

(1) Write in digits, seven hundred thousand seven hundred.

700700
(2) Increase the sum of $54 p$ and $18 p$ by $£ 1.08$.
$£ 1.80$
(3) By how many millimetres is 2620 mm less than 3 m ?

380 mm
(4) One ruler cost 18 p .

Find the cost of
a 10
a $£ 1.80$
b 30.
b $£ 5.40$
(5) Write the next two numbers in this sequence.
50, 5, 0.5,
$\square$, $0.05 \quad 0.005$
6 How many times is 300 g contained in 9 kg ?
(7) Write $\frac{3}{5}$ as a decimal fraction.
(8) Increase
a $£ 1.00$ by $13 \%$
a $£ 1.13$
b $£ 1.09$

9 Find the mean of these numbers.

> | 16 | 14 | 17 | 13 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(10) A rectangle is 4.5 m long and 0.5 m wide.

Find a the perimeter
b the area.
a
b $\quad 2.25 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$

Write the unit of measurement in each case.
11 Find the difference between 2.75 million and 300000 .

2450000
12


For the
rectangle,
find $\angle a \quad \angle a \quad 29^{\circ}$
$\angle b \quad \angle b \quad 122^{\circ}$

Answer
1 Find the time taken in hours and minutes for a journey of 300 km at an average speed of $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$.
7h 30 min
(2) Mr Khan was given a $10 \%$ reduction on a car costing $€ 3000$. How much did he pay for the car?

$$
€ 2700
$$

(3) Six jugs each holding 850 ml were filled from a cask containing 10l. Write in litres the quantity remaining.
(4) Estimate which of these angles is
a $87^{\circ}$
b $135^{\circ}$
c $278^{\circ}$
d $45^{\circ}$.

| $a y$ | $b x$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $c z$ | $d w$ |


(5) In a group of 32 children, 24 could swim. What percentage of the children could not swim? $\qquad$
25\%
(6) Find in millimetres
a the total of the lengths $A B$ and $A C$
a 82 mm
$b$ the difference in length between $A B$ and $A C$.
b 28 mm

(7) 1 mile $\approx 1.6 \mathrm{~km}$. About how many kilometres is 20 miles?
(8) On parents' evening, 4 out of every 5 parents who attended came by car. 100 parents attended.
a How many came by car?
a 80
b What fraction did not?
b $\frac{1}{5}$

9 Find the length of the rectangle in metres.
area $7.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
(10) Louise works from 6.45 a.m. to 10.15 a.m. and from 3.15 p.m. to 6.45 p.m.
How many hours is that each day?

11


The volume of the cuboid is $150 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$. Find its height in metres. $\qquad$
7.5 m

12 A car travelled 50106 km in three years.
Find to the nearest 1000 km the mean distance travelled per year.

17000 km

## Answer

(1) $£ 0.07+£ 7.00+£ 0.70=$
(2) $\left(7 \times 10^{3}\right)+\left(5 \times 10^{2}\right)+\left(3 \times 10^{1}\right)=$ £7.77
(3) $\mathrm{p} \times 10=£ 1.60=$
(4) $5+7 \times 3-2=$
(5) $1.36 \div 8=$
(6) $(4 \times 96)+(6 \times 96)=$ $\longrightarrow 0.17$
(7) $360^{\circ}-\left(145^{\circ}+55^{\circ}\right)=$
(8) $31250 \mathrm{ml}-\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{l}=\square \mathrm{l}$ $\qquad$
(9) $3.593+0.407=$
(10) $80 \%$ of $400=$ $\longrightarrow 4.0$
(11) $\frac{2}{3}+\frac{1}{6}=$
(12) Subtract 12 from 7.

## B

## Answer

(1) What number is one more than 99999 ? $\qquad$
(2) By how many seconds is 70 s less than $1 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~min}$ ? $\qquad$
(3) 700 ml cost $£ 0.91$. Find the cost per litre. $£ 1.30$
(4) The length of a rectangle is 15 cm and its perimeter is 46 cm . Find
a the width
a 8 cm
b the area.
b $120 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$

5 Write 1 mm of 2 m as a fraction.
(6) Divide the total of $£ 1.17$ and $£ 0.28$ by 5 .
£0.29
(7) $4 x y=4 y$.

Find the value of $y$ when $4 y=14$. $\qquad$
(8) Approximate
a 9493 g to the nearest kilogram
b 305426 to the nearest 10000 .
(9) Write as a decimal the sum of 5 , $\frac{3}{10}$ and $\frac{84}{100}$.
a
9kg
b 310000
6.14
(10) What percentage is 6 cm of 2 m ?
(11) Write the next two numbers in this sequence.
$\frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{3}{10}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{2}$,

(12) Write 125 ml to 1 l as
a a fraction in its simplest form
b a decimal fraction.
a $\frac{1}{8}$
b 0.125

## Answer

(1) The price of a 32 p packet of sweets is increased by $25 \%$. What is the new price? $\qquad$
2

| Funfair |
| :---: |
| admission: $£ 4.20$ |
| children: half price |

Find the total cost for two adults and two children.
$£ 12.60$
(3) The length of a garage is 5 m . The overall length of a car is 4445 mm . By how many millimetres is the garage longer than the car?
(4) Claire is employed for 36 hours from Monday to Friday (inclusive). Find in hours and minutes the mean time she works each day.
7h 12 min
(5) From a gift of $£ 10$, Ahmed received $£ 3.70$. His three friends shared the remainder equally. How much did each friend receive?
£2.10
(6) A packet of weed-killer will treat $100 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ of lawn. How many packets are needed to treat a square lawn with 20 m sides?

7

| triangle $x$ | $96^{\circ}$ | $42^{\circ}$ | $\circ$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| triangle $y$ | $60^{\circ}$ | $60^{\circ}$ | $\circ$ |
| triangle $z$ | $90^{\circ}$ | $57^{\circ}$ | $\circ$ |

Two of the angles in each of the $\qquad$ triangles $x, y$ and $z$ are given. $y$ $\qquad$
Find the third angle for each triangle.
$z \quad 33^{\circ}$
(8) A map is drawn to a scale of 1 cm to 1 km . Find the distance in kilometres represented by a line 42 mm long.
(9) $F=\{16,4, \square, 1,64,2, \square\}$
$F=$ the set of factors of 64 .
Find the missing factors. $\qquad$
8 32

10 Which triangle, $A$ or $B$, has the greater area and by how many $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ? A by $3 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$

(11) 1 l of water has the same volume as $1000 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. What are the volumes in $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ of
a 200 ml
a
$200 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
b 1.7l?
b $1700 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
(12) A map is drawn to a scale of 1 cm to 1 km . Express this scale
a as a fraction
a $\frac{1}{100000}$
b as a ratio.
b 1:100000

## Answer

(1) $\left(4 \times 9^{2}\right)=$
(2) $0.9-0.09=$
(3) $15 p \times 4=f$
(4) $3694 \div 5=\square r$
(5) a $0.12=\square \%$
b $0.125=\square$
(6) $2 \mathrm{l}-\square \mathrm{ml}=1.260 \mathrm{l}$
(7) $\frac{1}{8}$ of $360^{\circ}=$
( $81 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{90mm}=\square \mathrm{m}$
(9) three 50 ps $+\square 5 \mathrm{ps}=£ 3.00-£ 1.25$
$10 \quad 11.33$ a.m. to 1.27 p.m. $=\square \mathrm{h} \square$ min
(11) $0.3 \times 0.5=$

12 Find a $\frac{1}{2}$ of $\frac{2}{3}$
b $\frac{7}{8}$ of 4 .
B
(1) How much is left when $£ 1.67$ is subtracted from $£ 2.45$ ?
£0.78
(2) Write as a decimal fraction.
a $\frac{1}{4}$
a 0.25
b $\frac{1}{8}$
b 0.125
(3) Write the volume in $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ of a bucket which holds 2.250l.
(4) Find the difference between $100 \%$ of $£ 5.00$ and $1 \%$ of $£ 5.00$.
$2250 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
£4.95
5 What number is one thousand less than 800000 ?
(6) 10 lollies cost $£ 4.50$. Find the cost of a one
a $45 p$
b seven.
(7) How many times can 300 ml be taken from 6l?
b $£ 3.15$

8 Which two consecutive numbers have a product of 72 ? $\qquad$
8 9

9 How many days inclusive from 14 December to 17 January?

10 Divide $£ 5.00$ by 9 to the nearest penny.

11

$A B C D$ is a parallelogram. Find in degrees
$\angle x \quad \angle x \quad 115^{\circ}$
and $\angle y$.
$\angle y$ $65^{\circ}$
$1220 \%$ of a sum of money is 85 p. What is the whole amount?
£4.25

## Answer

(1) A jug holds 750 ml . How many ml does it hold when it is $\frac{2}{3}$ full?

500 ml
(2) The interior angles of triangles $A, B$ and $C$ are given. Name each of these triangles by its sides.

| triangle A | $60^{\circ}$ | $60^{\circ}$ | $60^{\circ}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| triangle B | $80^{\circ}$ | $80^{\circ}$ | $20^{\circ}$ |
| triangle C | $30^{\circ}$ | $60^{\circ}$ | $90^{\circ}$ |

A equilaterial
B isosceles
C scalene
(3) Car parking costs $\$ 4.00$ per hour. How much does it cost to park for 3 h 15 min ?
(4) Round each of these numbers to the nearest whole number and then find the approximate total.
$\$ 13.00$

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
5.109 & 6.5 & 4.49 & 2.73 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

5


The diagram shows how the children voted for their favourite sport. What percentage of the children voted for
a swimming
b cycling?
6. If 200 children voted, how many more voted for football than for cricket?
a 25\%
b
12.5\%

7

a What fraction of the circumference of the circle is the $\operatorname{arc} A B$ ?
b If the angle at the centre were $240^{\circ}$, what fraction of the circumference would be its arc?
b $\frac{2}{3}$
(8) Eight lengths each measuring 2 m 40 cm are cut from a 20 m roll. What length in cm remains?
$-80 \mathrm{~cm}$
(9) Find the product of one-half and two-thirds and write the fraction in its simplest form.

```
75

\(\qquad\)

In a freestyle swimming competition, Kai swam 200 m in 1 min 54.3 s . How many seconds less than 2 min was his time?
(11) The diagram shows the distances between four friends' homes. How many metres is it from Sita's to Ellie's?


(12) The population of a town of 0.5 million fell by 50000 . What was the percentage fall in population?
(1) \(36 \mathrm{~mm}+24 \mathrm{~mm}+54 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{cm}\)
(2) \(5 \mathrm{l}-(480 \mathrm{ml} \times 5)=\square\)
(3) \(\mathrm{g} \times 100=6.5 \mathrm{~kg}\)
(4) 1 mile \(\approx 1.6 \mathrm{~km}\)
\(\square\) miles \(\approx 48 \mathrm{~km}\)
30 miles
(5) \(2.7501 \div 2=\)
1.3751
(6) \(60 \%\) of \(£ 2=£\)
£1.20
(7) \(0.97 \times 3=\)
(8) \(3 \mathrm{~h} 50 \mathrm{~min} \times 6=\square \mathrm{h} \quad\) min
(9) \(\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4}=\)
(10) \(9^{3}-9=\)
(11) \(£ 30 \div 20=\)
(12) \(£ 0.50 \times 54=\)

\section*{B}

\section*{Answer}
(1) Write in words the number 40400.
forty thousand four hundred
(2) Which of these is
a a square number
a 36
b 37
\begin{tabular}{|llllll|}
\hline 34 & 35 & 36 & 37 & 38 & 39 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(3) Divide \(£ 28\) in the ratio 4:3.
(4) Six toffees cost 90 p. Find the cost of five toffees.
(5) Approximate
a 0.830 km to the nearest 100 m
b 4.080 l to the nearest \(\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{l}\).
6 a How many 8 cm lengths can be cut from a 5 m length?
a 62
b How many centimetres are left over?
b \(\qquad\)
(7) What fraction of 10 is \(1 \frac{1}{4}\) ?
( Write as a decimal fraction.
a \(19 \%\)
b \(12 \frac{1}{2} \%\)
(9) 298 seconds \(=\square \mathrm{min} \square \mathrm{s}\)
(10) \(6+x+0.029=6.03\). Find \(x\).
(11) What number must be added to 0.37 to make 4.57?
(12) Find the missing mass in grams.

\(\qquad\)

\section*{wer}
11.4 cm

2
 perimeter of this square.
(1) \(20 p\) is saved each week. How long will it take to save \(£ 2.60\) ?

Find in metres the
(3) Which of these fractions is equal to a \(12 \frac{1}{2} \% \quad\) b \(33 \frac{1}{3} \%\) ?

\section*{Answer}
a \(\frac{1}{8}\) \(\qquad\) b \({ }^{\frac{1}{3}}\)

13wk
\(7 m\)

60p and 30 times \(6 p\).
(5) WXYZ is a trapezium. Find in degrees


6 Of the 300 people at a theme park, \(99 \%\) went on the rollercoaster.
How many people was that?
(7) Tom was allowed an average of 50p per day spending money for four days. Find how much he had to spend on the fourth day.
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|}
\hline day & 1st & 2nd & 3rd & 4th \\
\hline spent & 70 p & 40p & 60 p & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
( From Aberdeen to Leicester by road is approximately 700 km . Find to the nearest hour the time taken by a truck
if its average speed is \(60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}\).
(9) This scale is taken from a map.

Find the distance in kilometres represented
by a line on the map measuring 3.5 cm .
17.5 km

(10) An equilateral triangle has a perimeter of 240 mm . Find in centimetres
a the length of one side a 8 cm
b the length of one side of a regular hexagon of the same perimeter.
b \(\quad 4 \mathrm{~cm}\)
11 From this calendar find
a the number of Fridays in the month
a
4
b the date of the third Sunday in the month.
b \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{|l|r|r|r|r|r|}
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{ March } \\
\hline Mon & & 7 & 14 & 21 & 28 \\
\hline Tues & 1 & 8 & 15 & 22 & 29 \\
\hline Wed & 2 & 9 & 16 & 23 & 30 \\
\hline Thurs & 3 & 10 & 17 & 24 & 31 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

12


Use the formula \(A=\frac{b h}{2}\) to find the area of the triangle.

\section*{Answer}
(1) \(470-383=\)
(2) \(250 \mathrm{~g} \times 20=\square \mathrm{kg}\)
(3) \(765 \div 25=\square\)
(4) \(2 \frac{5}{8}+\frac{3}{4}=\)
(5) \(1 \div 0.2=\)
(6) \(4 \mathrm{~m}-\square \mathrm{mm}=3.180 \mathrm{~m}\)
(7) \(30 \times 1.6=\) - 820 mm

8 From 7.19 a.m. to 8.15 a.m. \(=\square\) min 56min
(9) \(175 \mathrm{ml} \times 4=11-\square \mathrm{ml}\)

300 ml
(10) \(36-9 \div 3=\) 33
(11) a \(8.5 \%\) of \(£ 100\)
a \(£ 8.50\)
b \(12 \frac{1}{2} \%\) of \(£ 10\)
b \(£ 1.25\)
(12) \(£ 2.63 \times 4=\)
\(£ 10.52\)

\section*{Answer}
(1) Add together the largest and the smallest of these numbers.
\[
\begin{array}{llll}
0.099 & 0.9 & 0.909 & 0.09 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]
0.999
(2) What percentage is
a 9 of 18
a
50\%
b 18 of 9 ?
b
200\%
(3) Write in digits the number which is ten thousand more than a million.

1010000
(4) \(£ 2.57\) plus \(£ 1.36\) minus \(24 p=£\)
£3.69
(5) Write 20 thirds as
a an improper fraction
a \(\frac{20}{3}\)
b a mixed fraction.
b \(6^{\frac{2}{3}}\) \(\qquad\)

6 Find the area of a parallelogram with a base measuring 17 cm and height of 5 cm . \(\qquad\)
(7) Find \(\frac{1}{9}\) of 70 . Write the answer to the nearest whole number.

8
(8) 50 g cost 65 p . Find the cost of \(\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~kg}\).

9 How many 650 g packets can be made from 65 kg ?

100
10 Write as a decimal fraction.
a \(\frac{9}{50} \quad\) b \(\frac{3}{20} \quad\) c \(\frac{3}{25}\)
a 0.18
b 0.15
c 0.12

11 Find the difference in grams between \(1 \%\) of 19 kg and \(1 \%\) of 20 kg .

10 g
12 Increase \(£ 2.00\) by \(16 \%\). £2.32

\section*{Answer}
(1) A television licence costs \(£ 150\) per year. How much is this per month?

2

\(A B C\) is a right-angled triangle. Find its area.

3 By how much is the product of \(\frac{2}{3}\) and 3 less than the sum of \(\frac{2}{3}\) and 3 ?
(4) A \(2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{l}\) container is \(\frac{7}{10}\) full. What decimal fraction of 11 is required to fill it?
(5) A plan is drawn to the scale of 1 mm to 50 cm . What fraction represents the scale?

6
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|l}
\hline Broton & Cant & Witton & \begin{tabular}{l} 
From this bus \\
timetable find
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(19: 17\) & \(21: 14\) & \(23: 56\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
the time
\end{tabular} \\
& & taken from
\end{tabular}
a Broton to Cant
b Cant to Witton
c Broton to Witton.
7


A new pane of glass is to be fitted into this square window. a In how many different ways will it fit without the glass being turned over?
a 4
b How many lines of symmetry has a square?
(8) Find the missing numerators \(x, y\) and \(z\) in this set of equivalent fractions. \(\left\{\frac{3}{5}, \frac{6}{10}, \frac{x}{15}, \frac{12}{20}, \frac{y}{25}, \frac{z}{30}\right\}\)

9


The triangle is equilateral. Find in degrees the measurement of \(\angle x\) and \(\angle y\).
\(\angle x \quad 120^{\circ}\)
\(\angle y\) \(120^{\circ}\)
(10) Write the value of each:
a \(16-10 \div 2+1=\)
a 12
b \((16-10) \div(2+1)=\)
b 2
c 4
c \((16-10) \div 2+1=\)
(11) The price of \(\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg}\) of carrots was increased from 30 p to 36 p. Find the increase as a percentage of the original price.
(12) Round the sum of money to the nearest f and then find an approximate answer.
a \(£ 19.87 \times 19\)
a \(£ 380\)
b \(£ 126.24 \div 9\)
b \(£ 14\)
1) \(5.384+4.16=\)
(2) \(4 \mathrm{~km}-272 \mathrm{~m}=\square \mathrm{km}\)
(3) \(£ 30 \times 27=\)
(4) \(\frac{f 5.18}{6}=\square \mathrm{pr} \square \mathrm{p}\)
(5) 1.5 million \(=\square\) thousands

6 \(\left(6 \times 10^{5}\right)+\left(1 \times 10^{4}\right)+\) \(\left(7 \times 10^{2}\right)+(4 \times 1)=\) \(\qquad\)
(7) \(0.751=\square \mathrm{cm}^{3}\)
(8) \(3 \times(5+1)-10 \div 2=\)
(9) \(\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3}=\)
(10) Find \(\frac{3}{8}\) of \(£ 36\).
(11) \(\frac{48 \mathrm{~mm}+72 \mathrm{~mm}}{4}=\square \mathrm{cm}\)
(12 a \(25 \%\) of \(1.281=\square \mathrm{ml}\)
b \(75 \%\) of \(1.28 \mathrm{~kg}=\square \mathrm{g}\)

\section*{B}

\section*{Answer}
(1) Divide 45 kg in the ratio 7:8.

21kg 24kg
(2) Find the product of 10 and 0.002 . \(\qquad\)
(3) One article costs 21p.
Find the cost of a 10
a \(£ 2.10\)
b 50 .
b \(£ 10.50\)
(4) 1 mile \(\approx 1.6 \mathrm{~km}\). About how many miles is 64 km ?

40 miles
(5) a Increase \(£ 2.56\) by \(100 \%\).
a \(£ 5.12\)
b Decrease \(£ 2.40\) by \(50 \%\).
b \(£ 1.20\)
6 By how many grams is twice 2.175 kg less than 5 kg ?
\(\ldots 650 \mathrm{~g}\)
(7) How many seconds in a \(\frac{1}{3}\) min
b 0.25 min ?
a

(7) How many seconds in a \(\frac{1}{3}\) min
b20s
among eight children. Find one share.

(9) Change to percentages. a 0.13
a
b \(35 \%\)
(10) The area of a square card is \(1 \mathrm{~m}^{2}\). Find in centimetres the length of one side. \(\qquad\) 100 cm
11) 0.75 of a quantity has a mass of 3.36 kg . Find the mass of 0.5 of the quantity.
2.24 kg

12 Find the sum of \((4 \times 0.7)\) and \((0.7 \times 6)\).

C

\section*{Answer}
(1) A book costs \(£ 2.40\). In a sale it is to be sold at \(75 \%\) of this price. How much will it be sold for?
£1.80
2


The total mass of the three parcels is 7 kg . Find in kilograms the mass of parcel C.

3 Ali earns \(\$ 5.50\) per hour. What is his wage for a 30-hour week?
\$165
1.075 kg

\(\qquad\)
(5) Find the change from \(£ 10\) after spending \(£ 3.60, £ 2.50\) and 99 p.

6


The right-angled triangle is an isosceles triangle. Find in degrees
a \(\angle C A B\)
b \(\angle B C A\).
a
\(45^{\circ}\)
b
\(45^{\circ}\)
(7) A packet of peas has a mass of 375 g . Find in kilograms the mass of six packets. \(\qquad\)
8


The shaded part is cut from this rectangular card. Find the area of the part that is cut off.
\[
20 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
\]
(9) Write the next two numbers in this sequence.
\(24,17,10,3\), \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
(10) A measurement of 38 mm on a plan represents a distance of 38 m . What would a 3 cm line on the plan represent?

11


The graph shows the temperature for five days. Find the mean daily temperature. \(\qquad\)

12 Which two of these fractions together equal
a \(\frac{1}{2}\)
b \(\frac{3}{4}\) ? \(\quad\)\begin{tabular}{|lllll|}
\hline\(\frac{1}{4}\) & \(\frac{3}{8}\) & \(\frac{1}{5}\) & \(\frac{2}{3}\) & \(\frac{3}{10}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
a \(\frac{1}{5} \quad\) and \(\quad \frac{3}{10}\)
b \(\frac{2}{3}\) and \(\frac{1}{12}\)
(1) \(79+87+\square=300\)
(2) \(10^{6}=10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10=\)
(3) \(3 \mathrm{~h} 20 \mathrm{~min}-1 \mathrm{~h} 55 \mathrm{~min}=\square \mathrm{h} \square \mathrm{min}\)
(4) \(61515 \mathrm{ml}=\square \mathrm{ml}\)
(5) \(£ 10.10 \times 10=\)
(6) \(0.75 \mathrm{~m}+350 \mathrm{~mm}+400 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{m}\)
( \(9.18+\square\) hundredths \(=10\)
(8) \(36 \times 6 \mathrm{p}=\mathrm{f}\)
(9) \(6 \%\) of \(1 \mathrm{~kg}=\mathrm{g}\)
(10) \(10^{3}-87=\)
(11) \(7 \mathrm{~kg} \div 8=\square \mathrm{g}\)
(12) \(y \div 5=\frac{2}{5}\). Find the value of \(y\).

\section*{Answer}
(1) Write in digits the number one hundred and eleven thousand and one.
(2) How much less than 1 tonne is 860 kg ?
(3) How many \(£ s\) are equal in value to 10000 p?
£100
4 Which three consecutive numbers when added together equal 21?
(5) Find a \(1 \%\) of \(£ 75.00\)
b \(11 \%\) of \(£ 75.00\).
(6) 20 cost \(£ 8\). Find the cost of 15 .
(7) Write 300 ml of 0.5 l as
a a fraction in its simplest form
b a percentage.
(8) When \(y=2,6 y=w-8\).

Find the value of \(w\).
9 How many 400 g packs can be filled from 10 kg ?
(10) Write as a decimal. a \(\frac{3}{4}\)
b \(\frac{7}{8}\)
a 0.75
b 0.875
a \(\frac{3}{5}\)
b
\begin{tabular}{l}
6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
a
b \(£ 8.25\)
£6
(6) \(£ 3.52\) was received in change from \(£ 10\) after buying six plants. Find the average cost of a plant.
(7) A car travels 200 km in 2 h 30 min . Find its average speed in \(\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{h}\).

8


The circumference of this circle is 22 cm and the radius is 3.5 cm . Find the perimeter of the semicircle.
(9) Find the cost of 2.25 kg at \(£ 10\) per \(\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg}\).

10 How many cubes with sides measuring 10 cm each fit into a cube with sides of 1 m ?

11


This is part of the dial of a stopwatch which measures to one-tenth of a second.
a Write in seconds the reading at \(Y\)
at \(Z\).
b Write in seconds the difference between the readings at \(Y\) and \(Z\).
\begin{tabular}{cc} 
a \(Y\) & 10.9 s \\
\(Z\) & 12.3 s \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(12) In 4 weeks Jessica travelled 530 km , \(470 \mathrm{~km}, 640 \mathrm{~km}\) and 360 km . What was the average distance she travelled per week?

\section*{A}
1) \(700000+\square+2000+50=712050\)
(2) \(8.5-7.05=\)
(3) \(2 \frac{3}{4} \times 100=\)
(4) \(98^{\circ}+134^{\circ}+\square^{\circ}=360^{\circ}\)
(5) \(£ \quad \times 4=£ 15.24\)
(6) \(3.079+\square\) thousandths \(=4\)

7 \((£ 1.08 \times 10)+(£ 0.07 \times 6)=\)
(8) \(\frac{78}{x}=3\). Find the value of \(x\).
(9) \(34.86=10 x\)
(10) \(\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{1}{2}=\)
(11) \(1160 \mathrm{~g} \times 5=\square \mathrm{kg}\)

12 From 06.12.12 to 18.01.13 inclusive \(=\square\) days

1 Write 10532 thousandths as a decimal.
(2) How much less than 10 tonnes is 9 t 470 kg ?
(3) 55 miles \(\approx \mathrm{km}\)
(4) Find in \({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) the difference between
a \(6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) and \(-3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\)
b \(-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) and \(4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\).
a
\(9^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\)
b \(9^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\)

5 Divide 117 by 8 . Write the answer as a mixed number.

6 Find the total of \((4 \times 16 \times 0)\) and ( \(4 \times 16 \times 1\) ).
(7) How much is \(5 \%\) of \(£ 250\) ?
(8) The area of a rectangle is \(1 \mathrm{~m}^{2}\). The breadth is 50 cm . Find the length in metres.

910 plums cost \(£ 2.70\). Find the cost of three.
(10) Write 12 kg of 80 kg
a as a fraction in its simplest form
b as a percentage.
11 How many kilometres and metres are equal to 0.75 of 6 km ?

12 Find in kilograms the mean mass.
\(2.1 \mathrm{~kg} \quad 0.75 \mathrm{~kg} \quad 2.25 \mathrm{~kg} \quad 4.9 \mathrm{~kg}\)

44d

Answer
\(14^{\frac{5}{8}}\)
\(\qquad\)
Answer
\(\qquad\)
275
\(\qquad\)
£3.81
921 thousandths
£11.22

26
3.486

5.8 kg
2
\(\qquad\)


88 km
\(\square\)
\(£ 12.50\)
-81p
a
\(\frac{3}{20}\)
b 15\%

C

\section*{Answer}

1

(2) How many 40 cm lengths can be cut from a 10 m roll of tape?
(3) Using a scale of 1 mm to 0.5 m , what length of line would represent 3 m ?

4


How many minutes fast or slow is each of the 24 -hour clocks?
(5) 600 sheets of paper are used from five packs each holding 480 sheets. How many sheets are left?

6


The diagram is a plan of a field. Find the area of the field in \(\mathrm{m}^{2}\). \(\qquad\)
\(\times 11\)
y 13
z 19
4h 20min
\(X \quad 6 \mathrm{~cm} \quad 4 \mathrm{~cm}\)
Y \(8 \mathrm{~cm} \quad 3 \mathrm{~cm}\)

11


The cylinder holds 21.
a How many millilitres of water are there in the cylinder?
a \(\qquad\)
b How many more millilitres are required to fill it?
b
800 ml
12 Find the change from \(£ 10\) after spending \(£ 2.46, £ 3.77\) and \(£ 1.54\).
(1) miles \(\approx 56 \mathrm{~km}\)
(2) \(100 \times \square=59\)
(3) \(\frac{f 48}{100}=\square p\)
(4) \(2 \frac{5}{8}+\frac{3}{10}+1 \frac{3}{8}=\)
(5) \(9 \mathrm{~kg}=7.355 \mathrm{~kg}+\square \mathrm{kg}\)
(6) \(0.04+0.7+0.009=\square\) thousandths
(7) \(£ 0.09 \times 12=\)
(8) a \(7 \%\) of \(£ 13.00=\)
b \(19 \%\) of \(£ 8.00=\)
(9) \(557 \mathrm{ml} \times 6=\square \mathrm{l}\)
(10) \(\frac{1 \mathrm{~kg} 350 \mathrm{~g} \times 2}{10}=\square \mathrm{g}\)
(11) \(£ 5.00-(£ 2.46+£ 1.59)=\square p\)
(12) \(\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{3}=\)

\section*{B}

\section*{Answer}
(1) 30 cookies cost \(£ 2.40\). Find the cost of one.

2 53.057 How many times smaller is the 5 marked \(y\) than the 5 marked \(x\) ? \(\qquad\)
(3) From the sum of \(£ 4.65\) and \(£ 3.35\) subtract \(£ 5.50\).

4 Find the difference in centimetres between 153 mm and 6.6 cm .
8.7 cm
(5) Approximate
a 15 cm 7 mm to the nearest 0.5 cm
a 15.5 cm
b 9 kg 75 g to the nearest 0.5 kg .
b 9 kg
(6) Find the product of \(1 \frac{2}{3}\) and 30 .
(7) In how many years will the interest on \(£ 100\) at \(6 \%\) amount to \(£ 12\) ?

2
8 Find the difference between \((17 \times 10)\) and \((1.7 \times 10)\). \(\qquad\)
(9) Write \(\frac{21}{50}\) as a decimal fraction.
(10) The area of a carpet is \(58.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}\). The length is 9 m . Find the width.
6.5 m

1120 l of lemonade is poured in equal amounts into 50 bottles. How many millilitres are there in each bottle?

400 ml
(12) An aircraft travels 180 km in 15 min . Find its speed in kilometres per hour.
\(720 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}\)

Answer
(1) Ryan spent \(£ 1.40\) which was \(\frac{5}{6}\) of his money. How much had he at first?
£1.68
2) A family of four drink 2.5 l milk every day. What is the average amount in millilitres for each person?

625 ml
(3) Meena's salary is \(£ 795.63\) a month. Round this amount to the nearest \(£ 10\) and then find her approximate annual salary.
\(£ 9600\)
(4) Mary was born in May 1883 and died in June 1967. How old was she when she died?

5


The circumference of the circle measures 31.4 cm . Its radius is 5 cm . Find the perimeter of the semicircle.
25.7 cm
(6) A meal at a restaurant cost \(£ 40.00\).

A customer paid a tip of \(8 \%\).
How much was the tip?
£3.20
(7) Sweets cost \(6 p\) for 10 . How many sweets can be bought for \(£ 1.14\) ?

8
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline\(W\) & \(X\) & \(Y\) \\
\hline \(78^{\circ}\) & \(60^{\circ}\) & \(40^{\circ}\) \\
& \(71^{\circ}\) & \(90^{\circ}\) \\
\hline \(51^{\circ}\) & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Two of the angles in each of the triangles \(W, X\) and \(Y\) are given. Find the third angle in each triangle.
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\(W\) & \(51^{\circ}\) \\
\(X\) & \(49^{\circ}\) \\
\(Y\) & \(50^{\circ}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

9 The chart shows the distances travelled by a motorist in 3 hours. Find his average speed in kilometres per hour.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \(09: 00-10: 00\) & \(10: 00-11: 00\) & \(11: 00-12: 00\) \\
\hline 85 km & 110 km & 75 km \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(10) The scale of a map is 1:10000.

What distance in metres is represented on the map by
a 1 mm
b 3.5 cm ?
a
b \(\qquad\) 350 m

11

a the triangle
b the whole shape.
The shape is divided into a rectangle and a triangle. Find the area of
a \(12.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\)
b \(62.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\)

The volume of the cuboid is \(175 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\). Find its length. 7 cm

\section*{C}

\section*{Answer}

1 Write as a fraction in its lowest terms.

30 ml
(5. \(3.75 \mathrm{~m}-2800 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{mm}\)
(6) \(1.12 \div 8=\)
(7) \(14-5 \frac{3}{8}=\)
(8) \(\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{5}=\)
(9) \(10-2 \times 5+9 \div 3=\) \(\qquad\)
10 Write as decimal fractions.
a \(23 \% \quad\) b \(\frac{3}{15}\)
a 0.23 b 0.2
(11) 0.25 million \(+6700=\)

256700
(12) \(£ \square 7=£ 2.67\)
\(£ 18.69\)

B
Answer
(1) Subtract half of \(£ 4.36\) from \(£ 5\).

2 Find in litres the total of 375 ml , 0.325 l and 0.25 I .
(3) Find in millimetres \(\frac{7}{10}\) of 8 cm .
(4) Multiply 50 by \(1 \frac{4}{5}\).
£2.82
(5) What distance is travelled in 40 min walking at an average speed of \(6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}\) ? \(\qquad\)
(6) Write as a percentage.
a 30 p of \(£ 2\)
b 30 p of \(£ 4\)
a 15\%
b 7.5\%
(7) 1 m of felt costs \(£ 6\). Find the cost of 90 cm .
£5.40
8 How many thousandths have the same value as 16 hundredths?

160 thousandths
(9) Write 5 cm of 10 m as a fraction in its simplest form. \(\qquad\)
\(\frac{1}{200}\)
10 Find the difference between 100 times \(£ 0.36\) and 1000 times \(£ 0.36\).
£324
(11) a Write as a decimal to the nearest tenth \(9 \frac{37}{100}\).
a 9.4
b Write to the first decimal place 8.64.
b 8.6
a 2 p of 10 p
b 5p of \(£ 1\)

2


Calculate angle \(x\) and angle \(y\).
\(\qquad\) \(\frac{1}{20}\)
\(\angle x \quad 88^{\circ}\)
\(\angle y\) \(135^{\circ}\)
(3) Find the total mass of 50 packets each having a mass of 3.56 kg .
(4) Alice pays \(£ 9.00\) per week for meals at work. The price of a meal is to be increased by \(5 \%\). How much will she pay then?
£9.45

5
\[
09998.7 \begin{aligned}
& \text { This is a reading of the } \\
& \text { number of kilometres } \\
& \text { travelled by a car. }
\end{aligned}
\] How many kilometres short of 10000 km has the car travelled?

6 Share \(£ 55\) in the ratio of \(2: 3\).
(7) Which of the triangles \(X, Y\) or \(Z\) has
a three lines of symmetry
b one line of symmetry
c no line of symmetry?


810 bananas cost \(£ 1.40\). Find the cost of 25 .
£3.50
a Z
b \(\times\)
c \(Y\)

\(500 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\)

Find the area of this shape in \(\mathrm{mm}^{2}\).
9


10 For which of the examples below is a 100 the best approximation
b 10 the best approximation?
a \(10 \times 9.9\)
b \(10 \times 0.99\)
\[
\begin{array}{lllll}
0.9 \times 10 & 10 \times 0.99 & 1.9 \times 10 & 10 \times 0.09 & 10 \times 9.9
\end{array}
\]

11 Jack delivers newspapers on each of six days. The deliveries take 55 min each day. He is paid 80 p per hour. How much does he earn each week?
(12 Liz travelled to Blackpool in \(2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~h}\)

12 miles \(\approx 32 \mathrm{~km}\) at an average speed of \(64 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}\).
How far did she travel?

\section*{Answer}
(1) \(2 \times 34 \times 5=\)
(2) \(£ 3.73+£ 1.17+90 p=£\)
(3) \(\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{2}{3}=\)
(4) \(855 \mathrm{~g}+\square \mathrm{g}=1.25 \mathrm{~kg}\)
(5) a \(86 p=\square\) of \(£ 1\)
b \(50 \mathrm{p}=\square\) of \(£ 5\)
(6) \(\frac{232}{8}=x\). Find the value of \(x\).
(7) \(3.5 \mathrm{l}-(750 \mathrm{ml} \times 4)=\square \mathrm{ml}\)
\(\begin{array}{ll}8 & 7.5 \\ 2 0 \longdiv { y } & \text { Find the value } \\ \text { of } y .\end{array}\)
(9) \(200 \times 0.018=\)

10 100 miles \(\approx \square \mathrm{km}\)
(11) \(£ 10-(£ 2.27 \times 3)=\)

12 \((6 \times 0.5)-(7 \times 0.25)=\)
(1) Write \(77 \div 8\) as
a an improper fraction
b a mixed number.
a \(\frac{77}{8}\)
b \(9^{\frac{5}{8}}\)
2 A magazine is 1.8 mm thick. What would be the height of a pile of
a five magazines
b 15 magazines?
a
9 mm
b
27 mm
(3) How many days inclusive from 19 October to 6 November?

4 How many thousands in a quarter of a million?
(5) How many grapes costing \(2 p\) each can be bought for \(£ 5.90\) ?295
(6) One can contains 1.25 l and another 950 ml . Find the average contents in litres.
(7) Write as a decimal.
a 850 g of 1 kg
a 0.85
b 730 g of 1 kg
b 0.73
(8) The height of a triangle is 20 cm and the area is \(160 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\). Find the length of the base.

16 cm
9 Divide the total of \(£ 3.87\) and \(£ 4.33\) by 4. \(£ 2.05\)
(10) Write as a decimal. a \(\frac{9}{20} \quad\) b \(\frac{7}{25}\)
a 0.45 b 0.28
11 Find the distance covered in 20 min at an average speed of \(15 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}\).

12 \(8 \%\) of a sum of money is 24 p . Find the whole amount.
£3.00
```

£5.80

```
\(\square \frac{1}{4}\) 395 g
a 86\%
b 10\%
29

500 ml
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{l}
3.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
160km
£3.19
\begin{tabular}{l}
1.25 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(1) Write each of the following to the nearest whole unit.
a 8.502 kg
b 6.921
a \(\quad 9 \mathrm{~kg}\)
b
71
(2) How many jars of jam costing 80p each can be bought for \(£ 4.80\) ? \(\qquad\) 6
(3) Which of these decimals is equal to a \(25 \%\) b \(2 \frac{1}{2} \%\) ?
\[
\begin{array}{llll}
\hline 2.5 & 0.025 & 0.25 & 25.0 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]
(4) Write the value of each.
a \(24+6 \div 3-1\)
a 25
b \((24+6) \div(3-1)\)
b 15
c \((24+6) \div 3-1\)
c 9 \(\qquad\)

5

\(\qquad\) \(136 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\)

6 Write in kilometres per hour a speed of 9 km in 10 min .
a 0.25 b 0.025


7 A discount of \(£ 8\) was given when paying a bill of \(£ 64\). Write the discount as
a a simple fraction in its lowest terms
b a percentage.

(8) The mass of \(£ 1\) worth of 1 p coins is 356 g . What is the mass of 25 of the coins?
(9) The line \(A B\) has been drawn to the scale 1 cm to 5 km . Find the distance represented by the line.


10

\(A B\) is a part of the circumference of a circle 2.8 cm in diameter. Find in millimetres the length of the line OD.

14 mm
11 The population of a town in 1950 was 1.0 million. By the year 2000 there was a \(10 \%\) increase. Write in millions the population in the year 2000.


This is the net of a box. When the box is made, what will be
a the surface
area a \(250 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\)
b the volume? b \(250 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\)

Write the numbers 1 to 20 down the side of a piece of paper.
Write alongside these numbers the answers only to the following questions.
Work as quickly as you can. Time allowed - \(\mathbf{1 0}\) minutes.
(1) \(\frac{3720}{8}=\)

2


By how many centimetres is the perimeter of the rhombus greater than the perimeter of the rectangle?
(3) Add 145000 to 1.7 million. Answer in digits.
(5) \(30-5 \times 4+7=\)
(6) How many days inclusive from 20 April to 2 June?
7. Tariq travels from \(A\) to \(B\) in 1 h. If he travels at the same average speed, how many minutes will it take him to travel from \(B\) to \(C\) ?

\((8\) Write the larger amount when \(£ 144\) is divided in the ratio 3:5.
9
 Find in degrees the
measurement of \(\angle x\).

10 In a sale, a table costing € \(€ 25\) was reduced by \(20 \%\). Find how much it was reduced by. \(\qquad\)
(11) Isobel received \(£ 674.20\) for four weeks' work. Find to the nearest \(£\) the average weekly wage.
(12) 10 doughnuts cost \(£ 5\). 65 . Find the cost of eight.
(13) Three eggs in a box of 150 eggs were broken. What percentage of the eggs was broken?

14 The mass of a tin of chickpeas is 439 g . Find to the nearest kilogram the total mass of 20 tins.
15


The figure ABCD is a parallelogram. The triangle AED is an equilateral triangle.
By how many degrees is \(\angle C\) greater than \(\angle B\) ?

16 A map is drawn to a scale of \(1: 250\). What distance in metres does a line 100 mm long represent?
17) 7 kg of sugar are used in 6 weeks. Write in kilograms correct to the first decimal place the average amount used each week.

18 Find the cost of 2 kg 100 g at 45 p per \(\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg}\).
19 The marks scored in two tests were \(\frac{40}{50}\) and \(\frac{18}{20}\). Find as a percentage the average score.
20


By how many \(\mathrm{cm}^{2}\) is the area of the triangle \(A B C\) greater than a triangle on the same base but half the height?

You will work through Progress Test 2 at four different times - once at the end of Section 2, then again after you have completed each of Section 3 Test 4, Test 8 and Test 12.
When you first complete the test:
a colour the first column to show the number of answers correct out of 20
b enter the date.
Each time you take the test, enter the result and the date in the marked columns.

(1) \(435 \mathrm{~g}+370 \mathrm{~g}+265 \mathrm{~g}=\square \mathrm{kg}\)
(2) \(7 \%\) of \(6 \mathrm{~m}=\mathrm{cm}\)
(3) \(5.3-0.19=\)
(4) \(4 x=28\). Find the value of \(x\).
(5) Write in digits 0.65 million.
(6) \(1.55 \times 8=\)
(7) \(1.3 \mathrm{~km}-750 \mathrm{~m}=\square \mathrm{m}\)
(8) \(£ 4.57 \times 6=\)
(9) \(376 \mathrm{~min}=\square \square \mathrm{min}\)
(10) \(10^{3}-10^{2}=\)
(11) Write as a decimal \(5+\frac{23}{1000}\).
(12) \(£ 3.60 \div 20=\square p\)

18p

\section*{Answer}
(1) Find in metres the total of \(6 \mathrm{~m}, 90 \mathrm{~cm}\), 7 cm and 8 mm .
6.978 m
(2) Increase \(£ 50\) by \(4 \%\).
(3) What is the area of the largest triangle that can be cut from a square with sides measuring 8 cm each?
\(32 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\)
(4) How many days inclusive from 2 July to 5 September?
(5) Find the change from \(£ 5\) after spending \(36 p\) and \(£ 1.58\).
£3.06
6 Write to the nearest 1 p .
a \(£ 0.345\)
a 35p
b \(£ 1.014\)
b \(£ 1.01\)
7 Write these numbers, putting in a decimal point so that the value of the 3 in each is equal to 3 hundredths.
a 463
b 536
c 1003
a 4.63
b 0.536
c 10.03
(8) Write \(\frac{1}{3}\) as a decimal fraction correct to two decimal places.

9 How many grams in \(65 \%\) of 1 kg ? 650 g
(10) 20 peppers cost \(£ 6.60\). Find the cost of 8 . \(£ 2.64\)
(11) Find the total in litres of \((650 \mathrm{ml} \times 4)\) and 0.4 l .
(12) A car travels 15 km in 10 min . Find its speed in kilometres per hour.

C
Answer
(1) Subtract \(£ 1.60\) from the total of twelve 20ps, five 10 ps and seven 5 ps.
£1.65
(2) When a number is divided by 8 the answer is \(\frac{3}{4}\). What is the number?
(3) Which digit other than 1 is a factor of all these numbers?

> \begin{tabular}{lllll} 15 & 12 & 18 & 51 & 21 \\ \hline \end{tabular}
(4) What number
\(6 \underbrace{175 \mathrm{r} 5} \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { does } x \text { represent? }\end{aligned}\) \(\qquad\)

5


Divide the fraction \(\frac{2}{3}\) by 3 . \(\frac{2}{9}\)

6 How many years are between MDCCXCV and MDCCC? Give your answer in digits. 5
(7) Find in \(\mathrm{mm}^{2}\) the area of a the parallelogram
b the shaded triangle.
a
\(600 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\)
b
\(300 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\)

(8) Daniel has \(£ 20\) to spend in seven days.

How much is this per day to the
nearest 10p?
\(£ 2.90\)
9

a Name the angle which is vertically opposite to \(\angle C Y A\).
a \(\angle B Y D\) \(\qquad\)
b Write its measurement in degrees.
b
c Write the measurement in degrees of \(\angle C Y B\). \(\qquad\)
10 For how many hours and minutes is the office open each day?

6h
h 55 min
\begin{tabular}{|ll|}
\hline office opens & 8.50 a.m. \\
\hline closes for lunch & 12.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. \\
\hline office closes & 5.15 p.m. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(11) Dinner for eight people cost \(£ 120.00\). How much will dinner cost for 10 people at the same rate?

12 A 4 cm line on a plan represents a distance of 10 m .
a What does 1 cm represent?
a 2.5 m
b Write the scale as a fraction.
b \(\frac{1}{250}\)
(1) \(\frac{2}{3} \times 120=\)
(2) \((156+64)-\square=123\) 97
(3) \(3.014 \times 100=\) 301.4
(4) \(\frac{£ 48}{5}=£ \square\) £9.60
(5) \(6.5 \%\) of \(£ 8.00=\square\) 52p
(6) \(860 \mathrm{~m}+312 \mathrm{~m}+140 \mathrm{~m}=\square \mathrm{km}\) 1.312 km
(7) Find the cost of 2.5 m at \(£ 1.40\) per metre. \(£ 3.50\)
(8) \(\frac{3}{5} \div 2=\)
(9) \(350 \mathrm{~kg} \times 6=\square\) tonnes
(10) \(2 \min 43 s+5 \min 38 s=\) 8 min 21 s
(11) \(x+1.15=2.2\). Find the value of \(x\).
\(£ 90.00\)

\section*{B}

\section*{Answer}
(1) Find the difference between \(96-24 \div 6\) and \((96-24) \div 6\).
(2) Write 3.454 kg to the nearest 100 g . 3.5 kg
(3) The average of 8 numbers is 25 . Find the sum of the numbers.200
(4) What percentage is
a \(15 p\) of \(£ 3\)
a 5\%
b 40p of \(£ 2\) ?
b \(\qquad\)
(5) How many times greater is 30.7 than 3.07? 10
(6) Write \(\frac{25}{30}\) in its lowest terms.
( One doughnut costs 11p. Find the cost of
a 100
a \(£ 11.00\)
b 500 .
b \(£ 55.00\)

8 How many centimetres more than \(2 m\) is the perimeter of a regular hexagon with sides measuring 35 cm each?
(9) \(1000 \times 100 \times 10\). Write the answer in words.
one million
10 Which of these numbers are square numbers?
\[
\begin{array}{|llllll|}
\hline 7 & 35 & 1 & 64 & 121 & 50 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]

1, 64, 121
11 How many pieces of tape each 12.5 cm long can be cut from 2 m of tape? 16
(12) A square has an area of \(0.16 \mathrm{~m}^{2}\). Find a the length of one side in metres
b the perimeter in centimetres.
a
0.4 m
b
160 cm

\section*{Answer}
(1) A full truck has a mass of 4180 kg .

The mass of the truck when empty is 3200 kg . Find, in kilograms, the mass of the truck's load.

980kg
(2) Write the distance between X and Y
\begin{tabular}{llr} 
a in millimetres & a & 48 mm \\
b in centimetres & b & 4.8 cm \\
c in metres. & c & 0.048 m
\end{tabular}

(3) How many \(\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{l}\) glasses can be filled from a \(3 \frac{1}{2} 1\) carton?
(4) An aeroplane travels at a speed of \(1800 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}\). How far will it travel in
a 1 min
a \(\quad 30 \mathrm{~km}\)
b 1s?
b \(\quad 500 \mathrm{~m}\)
(5) A stack of 1 p coins is 3 cm high. Each coin is 1.5 mm thick. What is the total value of the coins?
(6) What volume of concrete in \(\mathrm{m}^{3}\) is needed to cover the base to a depth of 10 cm ?

(7) By how much is \(5 \%\) of \(£ 250\) greater than \(4 \%\) of \(£ 250\) ?

8 Emily's watch loses 2 min each day. How many seconds is this per hour? 5s

9
\begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline Stationery \\
100 crayons \(£ 2.55\) \\
1000 crayons \(£ 20.20\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Find the cost per crayon to the nearest penny when buying
a 100 crayons
a 3p
b 1000 crayons.
b \(2 p\)

10 Wooden planks 10 cm wide are used to cover a floor 4 m long and 3.5 m wide. Find the total length of the strips.
\[
140 \mathrm{~m}
\]
(11) A model aeroplane is made to a scale of 1:50. If the span of the wings of the model is 30 cm , what is the actual length in metres of the span of the aircraft's wings?
15 m

12


By how many metres is the distance from \(A\) to \(C\) via \(B\) less than the distance from \(C\) to \(B\) via \(A\) ?
(1) \(32+29+58+70=\)
(2) \(9^{2}-1^{2}=\)
(3) \(£ 1.67 \times 9=\)
(4) \(\frac{f 6.88}{8}=\square p\)
(5) \((0.1+0.15) \times 4=\)
(6) 37 hours \(\div 5=\square \square\) min
(7) \(\frac{2}{3} \div 5=\)
(8) \(\frac{5}{8}\) of \(2400=\)
(9) \(2 \mathrm{~km} \times 0.25=\square \mathrm{m}\)
\(1099 \%\) of \(1 \mathrm{~kg}=\square \mathrm{g}\)
(11) \(50 \mathrm{~mm} \times 20=\square \mathrm{m}\)
(12) \(£ 5-(£ 1.37+£ 2.45)=\)

\section*{Answer}
\(£ 15.03\)
£1.18

189


86p
\(\qquad\)
7h 24 min
\(\qquad\) 1500 500 m 990g 1 m

\section*{Answer}

1 Write the number which is halfway between 1.5 and 2.0.
(2) Reduce \(£ 30\) by \(6 \%\).
(3) Write \(8 \frac{5}{9}\) as an improper fraction.
(4) What percentage of a sum of money remains after \(12.5 \%\) has been spent?
\(£ 28.20\)
\(\qquad\)
87.5\%

5 How many tens are there in one hundred thousand?

10000
6 Arrange these digits to make the largest possible even number.
\[
\begin{array}{|lllll|}
\hline 1 & 0 & 8 & 6 & 5 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]
(7) Approximate
a \(£ 16.28\) to the nearest 10 p
b 14.75 to one decimal place.
8 Find in metres the perimeter of a regular pentagon with sides measuring 840 mm each.
a \(£ 16.30\)
b 14.8 \(\qquad\)
( Write \(\frac{2}{3}\) as a decimal correct to two decimal places.

10 How many pence have the same value as \(£ 1000\) ?

100000p
11 a How many times can 20 be subtracted from 495 without going below 0 ?
a 24
b What is the remainder?
b 15
(12) The base of a triangle is 1 m and its height is 50 cm . Find its area in \(\mathrm{cm}^{2}\).
\(2500 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\)

C

\section*{Answer}

1


Find in \(\mathrm{cm}^{3}\) the volume of the 3D shape.

How many fairy cakes costing 8 p each can be bought for \(£ 30\) ?
(3)
 O is the centre of the circle. \(\angle \mathrm{OAB}\) is \(56^{\circ}\).

Find a \(\angle O B A\)
a
\(56^{\circ}\)
b \(\angle A O B\).
b \(68^{\circ}\)

4 What is \(\frac{1}{2} \%\) of a \(£ 2000\)
b \(£ 500\) ?
a \(£ 10\)
b \(£ 2.50\)
5


Point \(A\) is at \((-3,-2)\).
Write the coordinates of its reflection in the \(x\)-axis.

6 Find to the nearest penny the cost of one kiwi when
a \(\quad 7 p\)
a 10 cost 73p
b 10 cost \(£ 1.15\).
b 12p
(7) A point at \((-1,-1)\) is translated two squares to the left and one square up. What are its new coordinates?
\((-3\)
0 )
8


The circumference of a circle is 3.14 times the diameter. Find the length of the circumference of this circle.
(9) The cooking time for a chicken is given as 20 min per 500 g plus a further 20 min .
a How long does it take to cook a 2 kg chicken? \(\qquad\)
b The chicken must be cooked by 1.15 p.m. At what time must it go in the oven? b
(10) A 51 bottle of washing liquid cost \(£ 1.00\). If 250 ml are used each day, what is the cost per day?

5p
(11) A television costs \(£ 1500\). How many months does it take to pay for it at \(£ 75\) per month?

20mth
12


The graph shows the time taken by Hina to walk 1 km .
a How many minutes does it take to
walk 1km? a \(9 m i n\)
b Estimate to the nearest 100 m the distance walked in 5 min .

\section*{Answer}
(1) \((37 p+28 p)-(13 p+42 p)=\)
(2) \(7 \times £=£ 10.36\)
(3) \(3.5-\square=0.05\)
(4) \(2 \frac{1}{8}+1 \frac{1}{4}+1 \frac{3}{8}=\)
(5) \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) years \(=\square\) months
(6) \(10 \%\) of \(1.5 \mathrm{l}=\square \mathrm{ml}\)
(7) \(\frac{3}{5} \div 4=\)
(8) \(£ 24.00 \div 100=\square p\)
(9) \(800 \mathrm{~kg} \times \square=5.6 \mathrm{t}\)

10 \(45 \mathrm{~cm}-(55 \mathrm{~mm} \times 6)=\square \mathrm{cm}\)
(11) \(\frac{847}{90}=\)
(12) \(£ 1.25 \times 24=\)

\section*{B}

\section*{Answer}
(1) Find the number which is \(95 \%\) greater than 100 .
(2) How many sixths remain when \(\frac{1}{3}\) is subtracted from \(\frac{1}{2}\) ? \(\qquad\)
xy
(3) 8.379 Write as a decimal the difference in value between the digit marked \(x\) and the digit marked \(y\).
(4) From the sum of \(£ 28.50\) and \(£ 13.75\) deduct \(£ 10.25\).
\(£ 32.00\)
5
\(0.6 \times 4=2.4\)
Now find
a \(0.6 \times 0.4\)
a 0.24
b \(0.6 \times 0.04\).
b 0.024
(6) The area of a triangle is \(36 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\). Its height is 6 cm . Find the length of the base.
(7) Find the total length in metres of 144 strips each 0.25 m long.
(8) Six sandwiches cost \(£ 15\). Find the cost of a two b five.
a \(£ 5.00\)
b \(£ 12.50\)
9 Find the product of 18,5 and 4 .
360
10 Write 750 ml of 3 l as
a a fraction in its simplest form
a \(\frac{1}{4}\)
b a percentage.
b 12 cm
36 m
(11) Multiply 1 h 25 min by 5 .

7h 5 min
(12) Increase \(£ 1.76\) by \(10 \%\). Give the answer to the nearest penny.
\(£ 1.94\)

C
Answer


300
(2) When it is noon in London it is 07:00 on the same day in New York. What is the time in New York when it is 14:40 in London?


Find in degrees the size of
\(\angle a \angle b\) and \(\angle c\).
\(\angle a \quad 51^{\circ}\)
\(\angle b \quad 76^{\circ}\)
\(\angle \mathrm{C} \quad 104^{\circ}\)
(4) A sum of money was divided between Riaz and Markus in the ratio of 3:2. Riaz received the larger share.
Write the amount each received
a as a fraction
a Riaz
\({ }^{\frac{3}{5}}\) Markus
\(\frac{2}{5}\)
b as a percentage.
b Riaz
60\% Markus 40\%
(5) Three 5 ml spoonfuls of medicine are to be taken daily for two weeks. How many millilitres are required?
(6) 25 ice creams cost \(£ 2.40\).
a Find the cost of 100 . \(\qquad\)
b Find to the nearest penny the cost of one.
b 10p
7 What is the highest common factor of 16,32 and 56 ?
(8) Multiply 15 p by a 5
a \(75 p\)
b \(£ 7.50\)
c \(£ 75.00\)
c 500 .
9

a What fraction of the circumference of the circle is the arc AB? a \(\frac{1}{6}\)
\(\frac{1}{6}\)
If the circumference measures 56.4 cm , find the length of the \(\operatorname{arc} A B\).
b
9.4 cm

10 A map is drawn to a scale of 1 mm to 1 m . What length of line in millimetres represents a distance of 0.3 km ?

300 mm
11 Dad increased Mia's savings by \(10 \%\) when he gave her \(£ 2.50\). How much had she already saved?
£25.00
12 By how much is it cheaper to buy a pack of four drinks at \(£ 1.64\) than it is to buy four individual drinks costing 45 p each?
(1) \(£ 0.175 \times 2=\square p\)
(2) \(5 \%\) of \(£ 44=\)
(3) \(4.056 \mathrm{~kg}+\square \mathrm{g}=4.75 \mathrm{~kg}\)
(4) \(9 \times 10^{4}=\)
(5) \(£ 50.04 \div 3=\)
(6) \(\left(\frac{7}{8}\right.\) of 56\()+\left(\frac{2}{3}\right.\) of 30\()=\)
(7) \(£ 0.34 \times 50=£\)
(8) \(\frac{17}{25}=\frac{\square}{100}=\square \%\)
(9) \(3 \mathrm{~m} \div 6=\square \mathrm{mm}\)
(10) \(250 \mathrm{ml} \times 16=\square \mathrm{l}\)
(11) \(\frac{7}{10} \div 3=\) \(\qquad\)
(12) \(500-(5 \times 8 \times 7)=\)

220

\section*{B}
(1) By how many is 100000 less than 1 million? Write the answer in digits.

\section*{Answer}
(2) Find the product of 30 and \(3 \frac{2}{5}\).
(3) Find the difference between 1 min 43.5 s and 1 min 47.4 s .
(4) How many 0.3 m lengths can be cut from 7.5 m ?
(5) By how many hundredths is \(\frac{3}{4}\) more than 0.7?
(6) Share \(\$ 35\) in the ratio 5:2.
(7) The area of a parallelogram is \(12.64 \mathrm{~m}^{2}\). The base is 8 m long. Find the height in metres.
(8) Multiply \(£ 40\) by 19 .
(9) What percentage of 4 m is 50 cm ?

10 Find the total contents in litres of eight bottles each containing 355 ml .
(11) \(\frac{3}{4}\) of a sum of money is \(£ 1.50\). Find the whole amount.
£2.00
£760
\(\qquad\)
2.841

\section*{Answer}
(1) One litre costs \(£ 4.20\). Find the cost of 1.75 l.
£7.35
(2) a How many centuries does the timeline represent?
a 40
b How many years are represented on the timeline from X to Y ?
b 1800

(3) A hundred 10 ps were placed edge to edge in a straight line. The diameter of a 10 p coin is 24.5 mm . Find the length of the line in metres.
\[
2.45 \mathrm{~m}
\]
(4) Write 30 cm of 1 m as
a a fraction in its simplest form
b a percentage.
a \(\frac{3}{10}\)
b
30\%
(5) The volume of a cube is \(1000 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\). Find a the length of one edge
a 10 cm
b the total surface area in \(\mathrm{cm}^{2}\).
b \(\quad 600 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\)
6 Follow this number chain. What number do you reach? Start at \(-10 \rightarrow\) add \(6 \rightarrow\) subtract \(4 \rightarrow\) add \(9 \rightarrow\) subtract \(5 \rightarrow\) stop. \(\qquad\)
7


The shape is a regular hexagon.
a How many degrees are there in each angle at the centre? a \(\qquad\)
b How many degrees are there in each angle at the centre of a regular octagon?
b \(45^{\circ}\)
( Round each quantity to the nearest whole unit and then find the approximate answer.
a \(9.0181 \times 24=\)
a 216l
b \(6.72 \mathrm{~m} \times 18=\)
b \(\quad 126 \mathrm{~m}\)

9 Walking at a speed of \(6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}\),
how long will it take to walk from
a Sten to Coty
b Tinley to Coty?


10 The area of a circle is \(78.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\).
Find the area of the semicircle.
\(39.25 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\)
(11) What speed in kilometres per hour is the same as \(26 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~km}\) in 15 min ?

106km/h
12
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline Ibrahim & 11 years 6 months \\
\hline Alfie & 12 years 4 months \\
\hline Leah & 10 years 2 months \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Find the average age of the children. 11yr 4mth
(1) \(24+17+46=\)
(2) \(725 \mathrm{~g} \times 8=\square \mathrm{kg}\)
(3) \(77 p \times 7=f\)
(4) \(\frac{9}{12} \div 3=\)
(5) \(5 \%\) of \(1.2 \mathrm{~kg}=\square \mathrm{g}\)
(6) \(0.054 \mathrm{~m}=\square \mathrm{cm}\)
(7) \(£ 10.00-(£ 3.79+£ 2.81)=\)
(8) \(75 \mathrm{ml} \times 1000=\square\)
(9) \(8 \times £ y=£ 10.16\). Find the value in \(£ s\) of \(y\).

10 \(0.01 \times 0.1=\)
\(£ 1.27\)
(11) \(\quad 2.8 \quad 8\)
\(9 \longdiv { }\)

124 tonnes cost \(£ 10\). Find the cost of 3 t .
```

£7.50

```

\section*{B}

\section*{Answer}
(1) Write as a percentage 8.5 p from \(£ 1\).
(2) What do you multiply 0.5 by to give 6.0?
(3) Add sixty thousand to a quarter of a million.

310000
(4) Which of the following are prime numbers?
\[
\begin{array}{lllll|}
\hline 17 & 27 & 37 & 47 & 57 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]

17, 37, 47
(5) Which of the following numbers are composite (not prime) numbers?
\begin{tabular}{llll}
51 & 52 & 53 & 54 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(51,52,54\)
(6) Diagonals are drawn in a square with sides of 6 cm to create four triangles. Find the area of one of these triangles.
\(9 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\)
(7) Express as a ratio
a 60 p to \(£ 1.80\)
a \(1: 3\)
b 1 mm to 4.5 m .
(8) One jam tart costs 12 p. Find the cost of 200 .
\(£ 24.00\)
(9) How many 750 ml bottles can be filled from 31?
(10) Write 875 g of 1 kg as
a a decimal fraction
a 0.875
b a fraction in its simplest form.
b \(\frac{7}{8}\)
(11) Express \(50 \div 9\)
a as a mixed number
a \(5^{\frac{5}{9}}\)
b as a decimal correct to two places.
b 5.56
(12) How much greater is the total of \(£ 2.45\) and \(£ 3.55\) than \(£ 18\) divided by 4 ?
\(£ 1.50\)

\section*{Answer}
(1) Which of the measurements is nearest to \(\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~m}\) ?
\[
\begin{array}{|llll|}
\hline 475 \mathrm{~mm} & 43 \mathrm{~cm} & 0.575 \mathrm{~m} & 0.6 \mathrm{~m} \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]
(2) Henry missed the 08:44 train by 7 min . How long did he have to wait for the
next train at 10:17?
(3) By how many metres is 820 m less than 1.25 km ?

1h 26 min

430 m
4

The lines \(A B\)
and \(C D\) are
parallel. Find
in degrees
\(\angle x\) and \(\angle y . \angle x\)
\[
y
\]
(5) The estimated population of Mexico City is 18850000 . Write the population a in millions as a decimal a \(\quad 18.85\) million b to the nearest 100000 .
(6) \(56 \times 27=1512\). Find
a \(28 \times 27\)
b \(2 7 \longdiv { 1 5 . 1 2 }\)
b 18900000
a 756
b 0.56
(7) \(\pi\) is approximately \(3 \frac{1}{7}\). Write \(3 \frac{1}{7}\) as
a an improper fraction
a \(\frac{22}{7}\)
b a decimal correct to two places.
b 3.14

8 By how much is the product of \(\frac{2}{3}\) and 6 less than the sum of \(\frac{2}{3}\) and 6 ? \(\qquad\)
9 One adult ticket and three half-price tickets cost \(£ 10\). Find the cost of one adult ticket.
£4.00
10 The perimeter of the rhombus is 80 mm . What is the area in \(\mathrm{mm}^{2}\) of the shaded triangle?
\[
100 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}
\]

(11) The scale of a plan is \(1: 250\). What is the actual length in metres represented by a line on the plan which measures 40 mm ?

12 These are the results of a cycling test. Write each school's number of passes as a percentage of the number of children.
Barsby \(\quad 92 \%\)
Clinton
St. Peter's 90\%
\begin{tabular}{|lrrc|}
\hline school & Barsby & Clinton & St. Peter's \\
\hline number of children & 100 & 200 & 300 \\
\hline number of passes & 92 & 165 & 270 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Answer}
(1) \((8 \times 7 \times 0)+(8+7+0)=\) 15
(2) \(\times \frac{1}{2}=6\)
(3) Find the cost of 125 g at \(f 1.24\) per \(\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg}\). \(\qquad\)
(4) \(\mathrm{f} 7.04 \div 8=\square \mathrm{p}\)
50.7 million +0.5 million. Answer in digits. 1200000
(6) \(£ 4.05 \times 10=\) \(£ 40.50\)
(7) \(3650 \mathrm{~mm}+\square \mathrm{mm}=5 \mathrm{~m}\) 1350 mm
(8) \(30 \%\) of \(£ 5=\)
(9) \(\frac{£ 2.40}{6}+60 p=f\) £1.00

10 \((480 \mathrm{~m}+530 \mathrm{~m}) \times 2=\square \mathrm{km}\)
(11) \(\frac{14}{16} \div 5=\)

12 \((600 \mathrm{ml} \times 5) \div 2=\square 1\) \(\qquad\)

\section*{B}
(1) How much less than 50 is \(\frac{2}{7}\) of 28 ?

2 Add twenty to thirty-nine thousand nine hundred and eighty. Answer in digits.

\section*{Answer}

Find the whole amount when \(20 \%\) is 50 p.
£2.50
(4) \(\left(6 \times 10^{4}\right)+1=\)
(5) 1000 pencils cost \(£ 95\). Find the cost of
a 10
b 40 .
a
95p
b \(£ 3.80\)

6 Find the difference in millilitres between 0.75 of 800 ml and 0.7 of 11 .
(7) Write as a decimal. a \(\frac{1}{50}\)
\[
\text { b } \frac{1}{25}
\]
(8) A length of 3.75 m is cut into six equal parts. Find the length in millimetres of each part.

625 mm
(9) Express as a ratio
a 800 ml to 4 l
a \(1: 5\)
b 600 g to 6 kg .
b 1:10
a 0.02
b 0.04
60001
40000

6


\section*{Answer}
(1) A hundred 2 ps weigh 0.712 kg . Find the mass in grams of \(£ 1\) worth of 2 ps.

356g
(2) These are the number of sweets found by four children in a treasure hunt. What is the mean number of sweets found?
\begin{tabular}{llll|}
\hline 20 & 17 & 0 & 11 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(3) \(x=3.5-0.5 \times 7 \quad y=(3.5-0.5) \times 7\) Find the value of a \(x\) a 0
b \(y\)
b 21
c 21
c \(y-x\).
4 Noah and Poppy shared their money in the ratio of \(4: 3\). Noah's share was \(£ 12\), which was the larger amount.
How much was Poppy's share?
£9
22.51

5 A bottle of water holds 450 ml . Find in litres the contents of 50 bottles.
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\(\angle c\) & \(180^{\circ}\)
\end{tabular}
(7) Toby was born on 1 Oct. 04. How old will he be in years and months on 1 Feb. 2020?
15yr 4mth

8 Find the cost to the nearest penny of one balloon when 50 balloons cost \(£ 3.80\).

9 How many lines of symmetry has
a a regular pentagon
a 5
b a regular octagon?
b 8


103 m of silk is divided into nine equal pieces. Write to the nearest centimetre the length of one piece.

\section*{33 cm}

11
\begin{tabular}{|}
\(£ 2.75\) \\
\(£ 1.63\) \\
\(£ 4.25\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Find the change from a \(£ 10\) note after paying this bill.
\(£ 1.37\)

12

a What fraction of the area of the circle is the shaded sector? a \(\frac{1}{8}\)

10 Write \(\frac{1}{6}\) correct to two decimal places.
(11) Subtract the sum of 780 mm and 52 cm from 2 m .

700 mm
(12) The area of a rectangle is \(450 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\). The length is 30 cm . Find the width in centimetres.
(1) 2 tonnes \(-850 \mathrm{~kg}=\square \mathrm{t}\)
(2) Round 4546000 to the nearest hundred thousand.
(3) \(\frac{1}{2}+\square=\frac{11}{12}\)
(4) \(68 p+27 p+£ 1.16=f\)
(5) \(275 \mathrm{~mm} \times 6=\square \mathrm{m}\)
(6) \(44 p \times 9=f\)
( 1 kg costs 70 p . Find the cost of 600 g .
(8) \(12 \times 5 \times 20=\)
(9) \(33 \frac{1}{3} \%\) of \(f 51=\)
(10 \(£ 13.00-£ \square=£ 8.36\)
(11) \(5.0 \times 0.5=\)
(12 \(\frac{£ 4.02}{7}=\square \mathrm{pr} \square \mathrm{p}\)

B
Answer
(1) How many hundredths more than \(\frac{1}{4}\) is 0.31 ?

6 hundredths
(2) How many litres and millilitres in \(\frac{3}{8}\) of 101 ?

31750 ml
(3) \(3 \times 3=3^{2}=9 \quad \sqrt{ } 9=3\)

Find \(\sqrt{ } 25\).
(4) 40 waffles cost \(£ 22\). Find the cost of eight waffles.
(5) Find the sum of the prime numbers between 60 and 70 .

128
(6) How much is \(150 \%\) of \(£ 3.50\) ?
(7) How many times is 125 ml contained in
a \(0.51 \quad\) b 2.751 ?
a 4
b 22
(8) \(4 \begin{array}{llll}5 & 8 & 3\end{array}\) Use the example to find
\(\begin{array}{r}-2694 \\ \hline 1889\end{array} \quad\) a \(2694+1889\)
a 4583
b 4583-1889.
b 2694
9 The perimeter of a rectangle is 54 cm . The breadth is half the length.

Find a the length
b the breadth.


10 What number when multiplied by 6 has a product of 39.6 ?

11 Write the coordinates of the point \((3,5)\) when reflected in the \(y\)-axis.
\((-3, \quad 5)\)
12 How many centimetres less than 8 m is the total of twenty 36 cm lengths?

80 cm
£2.11



£3.96
42p
1200
\(£ 17.00\)
\(£ 4.64\)
2.5

57pr \(3 p\)

\section*{Answer}

1 The approximate population of a city is 1.2 million. The actual population is 1207806 . Find the difference.

2 Two parcels together have a mass of 18.5 kg . One of them is 4 kg heavier than the other. Find the mass of each parcel.
\(7.25 \mathrm{~kg} \quad 11.25 \mathrm{~kg}\)
(3) Which of these shapes will have a circular face when cut horizontally, and a rectangular face when cut vertically?

(4) In a class of 30 children 12 were absent. Write the number absent as
a a fraction in its simplest form
b a ratio of absent to total.
a \(\frac{2}{5}\)
b 2:5
5 A bagel costs 35 p. How many can be bought for \(£ 7.00\) ?

6


VWYZ is a rhombus. WXY is an isosceles triangle. Find
a \(\angle W Y Z\)
b \(\angle V W Y \quad b\)
\(\qquad\)
b \(68^{\circ}\)
c \(112^{\circ}\)
(7) Tom has 95p and Sophie has 73p. How much must Tom give to Sophie so that each has the same amount?
(8) If 1 July falls on a Thursday how many Saturdays will there be in that month?
(9) One child in every four in a school of 200 walks to school.
a What percentage do not walk to school?
a \(\qquad\)
b How many walk to school?
b 50
10 Write the coordinates of the point \((3,5)\) when reflected in the \(x\)-axis. \(\qquad\)
a 53.176
a 53.18
b 24.694
b 24.69
\(\qquad\)
(7) Find the mean of 1.1, 2.3 and 0.8. \(\qquad\)
8 Share 3 kg in the ratio 1:4.
9 Which year is MDCXXXII?
10 Find the area in \(\mathrm{cm}^{2}\) of a square of side 11 cm .
\(121 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\)
(11) Which two numbers have a sum of 20 and a product of 36 ?

2
(12) Deduct \((£ 1.15 \times 3)\) from ( \(£ 18 \div 5)\).

\section*{Answer}
£4.20
(1) \(£ 1.20 \times 3 \frac{1}{2}=\)
\(\qquad\)
(2) \(\frac{2.64+3.36}{2}=\)
(3) \(2.25 \mathrm{l}-(250 \mathrm{ml} \times 6)=\mathrm{ml}\)
(4) \(\frac{20}{24} \div 25=\)
( 5 . \(1200 k m-(320 k m+280 k m+335 k m)=\) \(\qquad\) 265km
(6) a \(\frac{1}{8}=\%\)
a \(\qquad\)
b \(\frac{3}{8}=\square \%\)
b \(\qquad\)
(7) \(9.8 \div 4=\)
2.45
(8) \(£ 5.00-£ \square=£ 2.82\)
£2.18
(9) \(£ 6 \times \frac{2}{5}=\)
£2.40
(10) \(9 x=33+48\). Find the value of \(x\). \(\qquad\)
(11) Find the cost of 30 cm at \(£ 1.80\) per metre. \(\qquad\) 54p
(12) \(\frac{1}{7}\) of \(4 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{60g}=\square \mathrm{g}\)

\section*{B}
(1) Add \(\frac{3}{4}\) of 28 to \(\frac{7}{8}\) of 56 .

Answer
(2) \(\left(4 \times 10^{3}\right)+\left(2 \times 10^{2}\right)=\)
(3) Increase \(£ 3.00\) by \(7 \%\).
(4) Write \(\frac{3}{8}\) as a decimal fraction.
(5) Find the total mass in kilograms of these amounts of water.
6.195 kg
\[
2.71 \quad 95 \mathrm{ml} \quad 3.4 \mathrm{l}
\]
(6) One pear costs 17 p. Find the cost of
a \(£ 1.70\)
a 10 b 1000.
b \(£ 170\)
(7) A rhombus has an area of \(20 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\). Its base is 5 cm . Find its height in millimetres. \(\qquad\) 40 mm
(8) Approximate 4635000 to
a the nearest 1000000
a 5000000
b 4600000
(9) Write the year 1916 using Roman numerals.

MCMXVI

10 Find the difference in hundredths between \(100 \times 0.016\) and \(100 \times 0.017\). \(\qquad\)
(11) Express \(43 \div 5\) as
a a mixed number
a \(8^{\frac{3}{5}}\)
b a decimal.
b 8.6
(12) Multiply \(£ 1.50\) by 52 . £78.00

C

\section*{Answer}
(1) A cask holds 20.75 I of water. The mass of the cask when empty is 850 g . Find the mass of the cask when it is full.

\author{
21.6 kg
}

2

\(A\) is the centre of the circle.
a Name the triangle \(A B C\) by its sides. a isosceles
B b Calculate the angle at B.
b \(35^{\circ}\)
(3) Six pairs of socks cost \(£ 8.37\). Find to the nearest penny the cost of one pair of socks.

\section*{£1.40}
(4) There are 4.545 l of shampoo in a plastic container. The shampoo lasts for nine weeks. How many millilitres are used on average per week?

Name the triangle
\(A B C\) by its sides.



5
(6) Find in litres the volume of a one multipack
a
2.461
b eight multipacks.
b
19.681
(7) A map is drawn to a scale of 1 cm to 1 km . How many metres are represented on a map by a line 14 mm long?

1400m
8


Find a the area of the triangular end of the prism a \(12 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\)
b the volume of the prism. \(\mathrm{b}^{96 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}}\)
(9) A car averaged 8 km to a litre of petrol on a four-hour journey of 312 km .
a How many litres were used on the journey?
a 391
b What was the average speed?
b \(\qquad\)
(10) The price of a pair of shoes costing \(£ 25\) increased by \(£ 1.25\). Write the increase as a percentage.

11


Write the proportion of shaded squares
a as a fraction in its simplest form a \(\frac{3}{10}\)
b as a decimal.
b 0.3

12 Matthew arrived at a hotel on 29 October and left on 3 November. The charge for the room was \(£ 10.50\) per night. What was the total cost of the room?
\(£ 52.50\)
(1) \(2.999+0.1=\)
(2) \(\frac{40}{45} \div 8=\)
(3) \(6.25 \%\) of \(£ 4.00=\square\)
(4) \(£ 3.24=\square \times 2 p\)
(5) \(86.6 \times 200=\)
(6) \(5.2 \mathrm{l}-480 \mathrm{ml}=\square \mathrm{l}\)
(7) \(5 x=28.2\). Find the value of \(x\).
(8) \(11730 \div 25=469 r\)
(9) \(£ 2.78+£ 2.78+£ 2.78+\) \(£ 2.78+£ 2.78=\)
£13.90
(10) \(4 \mathrm{~kg} \times \stackrel{3}{=}=1500 \mathrm{~g}\)
\begin{tabular}{l}
8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
1140 cm cost 50 p . Find the cost per metre.
£1.25
12 Subtract 6 from -3 . \(\qquad\)

\section*{B}

Answer
(1) a \(£ 1.32 \times 4=\)
b \(£ 1.32 \times 16=\)
a \(£ 5.28\)
b \(£ 21.12\)
(2) What must be added to \(2 \frac{5}{8}\) to make \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) ?
(3) Find \(8.5 \%\) of \(£ 10\).
(4) The perimeter of a rectangle is 30 m . The width is 6.5 m . Find its length.
(5) Divide \(£ 162\) in the ratio 5:4.
(6) 1000 bags of crisps cost \(£ 154.00\). Find the cost of one bag of crisps to the nearest penny.
(7) How much less than 20 is the product of 1.7 and 9 ?
(8) How many thousandths in \(\frac{1}{4}\) of 0.02 ?

9 Find the difference in millimetres between 0.7 m and 369 mm .
(10) Write 150 ml of 750 ml as a a fraction in its simplest form
b a percentage.


11 Round these amounts to the nearest \(£ 1\) and then find the approximate answer.
\(£ 16.70+£ 12.95+£ 9.28\)
\(\qquad\) \(£ 90\)
(1) \(3.468 \times 6\) Write the answer
a to three decimal places
a 20.808
b to two decimal places
c to one decimal place.
b 20.81
c 20.8

2 The contents of four boxes of sweets were \(51,46,49\) and 54.
Find the mean contents.
50
(3)

(4) A crate of 240 eggs was delivered to a school kitchen. 12 of the eggs were broken. What percentage were
\begin{tabular}{lrr} 
a & & \(5 \%\) \\
\(b\) & & \(95 \%\) \\
\hline & 13 & 26
\end{tabular}
\(F=\) the set of factors of 78 .
Find the missing factors.
6 Find each missing mass.
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|}
\hline mass of onions & 450 g & 1.75 kg & \(z \mathrm{~kg}\) \\
\hline mass of box & \(x \mathrm{~g}\) & 750 g & 150 kg \\
\hline total mass & 635 g & \(y \mathrm{~kg}\) & 1.1 t \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{lr}
\(x\) & \(185 g\) \\
\(y\) & 2.5 kg \\
\(z\) & 950 kg
\end{tabular}
(7) A camera costs \(£ 85.50\). It can be paid for in nine equal instalments. Find the cost of each payment.
£9.50

8
 This is a regular pentagon. Find in degrees the measurement of \(\angle a, \angle b, \angle c\).
\(\qquad\)
\(\angle\) \(72^{\circ}\)

9
\[
1 \mathrm{~g}=1000 \mathrm{mg} \quad \begin{aligned}
& \text { A selection pack } \\
& \text { contains 120 } \\
& \text { chocolates. }
\end{aligned}
\]

Each chocolate has a mass of 500 mg .
a Write the mass of each chocolate
in grams.
b Find in grams the total mass of the chocolates.
a \(\quad 0.5 \mathrm{~g}\) or \(\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~g}\)
b \(\qquad\) 60 g

10

a \(12 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\)
b 20 cm
11) A wall 3 m high and 4 m wide is to be covered in wallpaper 50 cm wide. What length in metres of the paper is required? \(\qquad\)
12 Find the cost per kilogram of 1.5 kg of ice cream costing \(£ 3.18\).
(1) \((268+232)-350=\)
(2) \(2640000=\square\) million
(3) \(50 p-(17 p+16 p+9 p)=\)
(4) \(3.5 \mathrm{~m}-175 \mathrm{~cm}=\square \mathrm{cm}\)
(5) \(\frac{x}{21}=\frac{2}{3}\). Find the value of \(x\).
(6) Find the cost of 750 ml at \(£ 4.80\) per litre.
(7) \(8 \longdiv { 1 6 } r ^ { 1 4 }\)

Find the
value of \(y\).
(8) \(4 \times 18 \times 50=\)
(9) \(\frac{6}{8} \div 12=\)
\(10(12 \%\) of \(£ 5)+(8 \%\) of \(£ 5)=\)
\[
£ 1.00
\]
2.64 million

8p
\(\qquad\) 175 cm
(11) \(7 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{l} \div \square=725 \mathrm{ml}\)
(12) \(\$ 0.14 \times 15=\)
\$2.10

\section*{B}

\section*{Answer}
(1) Find in centimetres the perimeter of an equilateral triangle with sides measuring 96 mm each.
(2) Write the 24 -hour clock time which is 1h 24min after 22:57.

00:21
(3) How many times is 800 g contained in 3.2 kg ?

4
(4) Divide \(£ 85\) by 6
a to the nearest \(10 p\)
\(b\) to the nearest penny.
(5) The total of two amounts is \(£ 12\) and their difference is \(£ 3.60\). Find the two amounts.

6 Find the difference in thousands between \(\left(1 \times 10^{5}\right)\) and \(\left(9 \times 10^{4}\right)\).
(7) Write \(3 \frac{1}{2} \%\) as a decimal.
(8) Multiply \(£ 2.54\) by 1.5 .
(9) Write the year 1349 using Roman numerals.
a \(£ 14.20\)
b \(£ 14.17\)
\(£ 7.80 \quad £ 4.20\) 10000
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)

MCCCXLIX
10 Increase \(£ 15\) by \(4 \%\).
(11) Write the scale 1 cm to 2 km as a fraction.
\(£ 15.60\)
\(\frac{1}{200000}\)
(12) The diameter of a circle is 6 cm . Its circumference is 3.14 times greater. What is the perimeter of the semicircle?

1 Find the cost per kilogram of
a shampoo costing \(£ 1.09\) for 500 g
a \(£ 2.18\)
b conditioner costing \(£ 1.26\) for 600 g .
b \(£ 2.10\)
(2) A 50 p coin has a mass of 13.5 g . What is the mass of \(£ 10\) worth of 50 ps?

270 g
(3) Write the length of a line 100 times the length of the line \(A B\)
\begin{tabular}{llr} 
a in millimetres & a & 5500 mm \\
b in centimetres & b & 550 cm \\
c in metres. & c & 5.5 m
\end{tabular}

(4) On a plan of a house the living room measures 44 mm long and 40 mm wide. The scale of the plan is 1 cm to 1 m . Find in \(\mathrm{m}^{2}\) the area of the living room.
(5) Which of the dotted lines are lines of symmetry? \(\qquad\)

(6) Ellie ran 800 m in 1 min 52 s . What was her average time per 100 m ?
(7) On a five-day holiday George walked \(14.75 \mathrm{~km}, 13.76 \mathrm{~km}, 12.29 \mathrm{~km}, 10.15 \mathrm{~km}\) and 9.32 km . Round each distance to the nearest kilometre and find the approximate mean distance walked daily.

12 km
8


The circumference of the circle is 420 mm . Find the length of the arcs of
a sector \(Y\)
b sector \(Z\).
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
a & 42 mm \\
b & 70 mm
\end{tabular}

9 Lemonade can be made of water and lemon juice in the ratio 4:1. How many litres of water are mixed with half a 50 l cask of lemon juice?

10 Find the mean daily temperature.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Mon & Tues & Wed & Thurs & Fri \\
\hline \(5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) & \(3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) & \(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) & \(-1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) & \(-2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(11) The point \((3,5)\) is translated two squares to the left and four squares down. The new point is then reflected in the \(y\)-axis. What are the coordinates of the reflected point? \(\qquad\)
12 These are the results of three tests. Write each as a percentage.
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
a & \(72 \%\) \\
b & \(75 \%\) \\
\hline c & \(33 \frac{1}{3} \%\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
A
\begin{tabular}{rlr}
\(12-7\) & \(=\) & 5 \\
\(9+4\) & \(=\) & 13 \\
\(3 \times 6\) & \(=\) & 18 \\
\(63 \div 9\) & \(=\) & 7 \\
\(6+9\) & \(=\) & 15 \\
\(7 \times 8\) & \(=\) & 56 \\
\(11-7\) & \(=\) & 4 \\
\(24 \div 3\) & \(=\) & 8 \\
\(5+8\) & \(=\) & 13 \\
\(0 \div 7\) & \(=\) & 0 \\
\(8 \times 6\) & \(=\) & 48 \\
\(64 \div 8\) & \(=\) & 8 \\
\(9 \times 3\) & \(=\) & 27 \\
\(13-7\) & \(=\) & 6 \\
\(7+8\) & \(=\) & 15 \\
\(15-9\) & \(=\) & 6 \\
\(0 \times 8\) & \(=\) & 0 \\
\(4+6\) & \(=\) & 10 \\
\(40 \div 8\) & \(=\) & 5 \\
\(16-7\) & \(=\) & 9
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \[
\begin{array}{r}
53 \div 7= \\
(6 \times 8)+5=
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
7 r \quad 4 \\
\\
53
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline \(70 \div 8=\) & 8 r 6 \\
\hline \((4 \times 9)+7=\) & 43 \\
\hline \(52 \div 6=\) & 8 r 4 \\
\hline \((7 \times 0)+3\) & 3 \\
\hline \(4 \div 9\) & \(0 r 4\) \\
\hline \((8 \times 1)+6=\) & 14 \\
\hline \(61 \div 7\) & 8 r 5 \\
\hline \((9 \times 4)+5=\) & 41 \\
\hline \(77 \times 10=\) & 770 \\
\hline \(135 \div 10=\) & 13 r 5 \\
\hline \(35 \times 20=\) & 700 \\
\hline \(204 \div 20=\) & 10 r 4 \\
\hline \(96 \times 30=\) & 2880 \\
\hline \(156 \div 40=\) & 3 r 36 \\
\hline \(108 \times 60=\) & 6480 \\
\hline \(302 \div 60=\) & 5 r 2 \\
\hline \(88 \times 70=\) & 6160 \\
\hline \(463 \div 90=\) & 5 r 13 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

B Write these numbers in digits.
forty thousand and nine
40009
eighty-one thousand two hundred and five 81205
two hundred and ten thousand four hundred
five hundred and six thousand and seventy
210400
\(700000+1000+90+5\) 506070
\((4 \times 10000)+(8 \times 100)+9\) 701095

1 million 40809
\(1 \frac{3}{4}\) million
1000000
2.6 million

1750000
\(\left(6 \times 10^{3}\right)+\left(3 \times 10^{2}\right)+(0 \times 10)\) 2600000
\(\left(9 \times 10^{4}\right)+\left(7 \times 10^{3}\right)+\left(1 \times 10^{2}\right)+(3 \times 10)\)
Write the answers to these as decimals.
\begin{tabular}{lr}
206 tenths & 20.6 \\
1509 thousandths & 1.509 \\
eighteen hundredths & 0.18 \\
\(17+\frac{5}{10}+\frac{3}{1000}\) & 17.503 \\
\(10+\frac{6}{100}+\frac{7}{1000}\) & 10.067 \\
\(\frac{27}{100}+\frac{8}{1000}\) & 0.278 \\
\(60+\frac{57}{1000}\) & 60.057
\end{tabular}

C Write in digits the number which is
forty less than ten thousand 9960
zero point six two more than ten 10.62
five hundred less than fifty-five thousand 54500
two point seven less than two hundred.
197.3

Write in words the value of the digit underlined.
37908
seven thousand
\(1 \underline{6} 04326\)
9.084 six hundred thousand
20.502
 eight hundredths two thousandths
\(7.9=\)
\(0.75=\) 79 tenths
\(0.018=\) \(=\) 75 hundredths \(5.9=\) 5900 thousandths

D
\begin{tabular}{lr}
\(3.46+5.04=\) & 8.5 \\
\(5.16+3.8=\) & 8.96 \\
\(1.99+2.01=\) & 4.00 \\
\(0.76+0.493=\) & 1.253 \\
\(2.83+7.178=\) & 10.008 \\
\(3.92-1.9=\) & 2.02 \\
\(6.1-0.7=\) & 5.4 \\
\(10.0-9.348=\) & 0.652 \\
\(7.2-0.09=\) & 7.11 \\
\(8.63-3.58=\) & 5.05 \\
\(5.825-0.06=\) & 5.765
\end{tabular}

\(30.08 \times 10=\quad 300.8\)
\(2.017 \times 100=\quad 201.7\)
\(0.063 \times 1000=\) 63
\(3 \times 7.8=\)
23.4
\(0.09 \times 6=\)
0.54
\(6.075 \times 8=\)
48.6
\(10.3 \div 10=\quad 1.03\)
\(3.7 \div 100=0.037\)
\(46 \div 1000=0.046\)
\(18.36 \div 6=\quad 3.06\)
\(2.43 \div 9=\quad 0.27\)
\(14.091 \div 7=\quad 2.013\)
Find the value of \(x\).
\(10 \times x=3.65 \quad 0.365\)
\(x \times x=36\)
\(7 x=108.5 \quad 15.5\)
\(\frac{x}{5}=12.8\)
64
\(\frac{72}{x}=9\)
(E) Approximate to the nearest:
\begin{tabular}{llllr} 
hundred thousand & 1.37 million & & 1.4 million \\
thousand & 79464 & & 79000 \\
\hline hundred & 23086 & & 23100 \\
\hline whole number & a \(16 \frac{1}{3}\) & 16 & & b 29.52 \\
\hline & 30 \\
first decimal place & 10.38 & & & 10.4 \\
& 5.94 & & & 5.9 \\
\hline second decimal place. 0.025 & & & 0.03 \\
& 13.004 & & 13.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

F Work out these divisions
a to 2 decimal places then
b approximate the answer to the nearest first decimal place.
\begin{tabular}{lll}
\(39 \div 8=\) & a 4.88 & b 4.9 \\
\(5.5 \div 3=\) & a 1.83 & b 1.8 \\
\(14.6 \div 7=\) & a 2.09 & b 2.1
\end{tabular}

Work out these divisions
a to 3 decimal places then
b write the answer correct to 2 decimal places.
\(58 \div 6=\)
a 9.667
b 9.67
\(34.26 \div 9=\)
a 3.807
b 3.81

A Find the total of each row of coins.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \(50 p\) & \(20 p\) & \(10 p\) & \(5 p\) & \(2 p\) & \(1 p\) & Total \\
\hline & 2 & 3 & 4 & 6 & & \(£ 1.02\) \\
\hline 2 & 5 & 9 & & & 13 & \(£ 3.03\) \\
\hline & 7 & & 5 & 8 & & \(£ 1.81\) \\
\hline & & 17 & 8 & & 12 & \(£ 2.22\) \\
\hline 1 & 3 & 6 & & 10 & & \(£ 1.90\) \\
\hline 5 & 4 & 7 & 12 & & & \(£ 4.60\) \\
\hline 11 & & & & & 23 & \(£ 5.73\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

B Find a the total cost of the items bought and b the change
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|r|r|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{\begin{tabular}{c} 
money \\
given
\end{tabular}} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
cost of items \\
bought
\end{tabular} & total cost & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ change } \\
\hline \(50 p\) & \(9 p, 8 p, 18 p\) & \(35 p\) & \(15 p\) \\
\hline four 10 ps & 5 at \(7 p\) each & \(35 p\) & \(5 p\) \\
\hline\(£ 1\) & \(23 p, 18 p, 40 p\) & \(81 p\) & \(19 p\) \\
\hline\(£ 1\) and \(50 p\) & 3 at \(38 p\) each & \(£ 1.14\) & \(36 p\) \\
\hline\(£ 2\) & 10 at \(18 p\) each & \(£ 1.80\) & \(20 p\) \\
\hline\(£ 5\) note & \(£ 2.75, £ 1.28\) & \(£ 4.03\) & \(97 p\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

10 items cost \(£ 1.20\)
1 costs \(12 \mathrm{p} \quad 7\) cost \(\quad 84 \mathrm{p}\)
100 items cost \(£ 2.30\) 10 cost 23p 30 cost 69p

20 items cost \(£ 3.60\)
5 cost 90p 1 costs 18p
8 items cost \(£ 1.44\)
3 cost \(\quad 54\) cost \(£ 1.26\)
5 items cost 85p
1 costs 17p 9 cost \(£ 1.53\)
40 cost \(£ 6.80 \quad 100\) cost \(£ 17.00\)
\(39 p+57 p+41 p=\)
£1.37
\(£ 1.06+£ 3.70+£ 0.28=\quad £ 5.04\)
£1.36-87p = 49p
£4.00-£1.68 =
£2.32
€6.03-€1.89 =
€4.14
\(19 p \times 7=\)
£2.08 \(\times 9=\)
£1.33
\(£ 18.72\)
\(£ 5.78 \times 6=\quad £ 34.68\)
£3.04 \(\div 8=\)
-38p
£27 \(\div 4=\)
£6.75
\(\$ 8.69\)
\(\$ 43.45 \div 5=\)

D \(55 \mathrm{~cm}=\)
\(309 \mathrm{~mm}=\)
\(5040 \mathrm{~mm}=\)
\(1095 \mathrm{~cm}=\)
\(300 \mathrm{~m}=\)
2805m =
2.805 km
\(5000 \mathrm{~m}=\)
\(90 \mathrm{~g}=\)
\(875 \mathrm{~g}=\)
\(3500 \mathrm{~g}=\)
\(120 \mathrm{ml}=\)
\(650 \mathrm{ml}=\)
\begin{tabular}{lr}
\(20.7 \mathrm{~cm}=\) & 207 mm \\
\(3.45 \mathrm{~m}=\) & 345 cm \\
\(10.6 \mathrm{~m}=\) & 10600 mm \\
\(0.085 \mathrm{~km}=\) & 85 m \\
\(7.5 \mathrm{~km}=\) & 7500 m \\
\(4.285 \mathrm{~km}=\) & 4285 m \\
\(0.065 \mathrm{~kg}=\) & 65 g \\
\(8.11 \mathrm{~kg}=\) & 8110 g \\
\(5.4 \mathrm{l}=\) & 5400 ml \\
\(0.75 \mathrm{l}=\) & 750 ml \\
\(4.5 \mathrm{l}=\) & \(4500 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\) \\
\(2.008 \mathrm{l}=\) & \(2008 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\)
\end{tabular}

Find the cost of
100 g at 70 p per kg
400 g at 45 p per kg
250 g at \(£ 1.10\) per \(\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg}\)
3.5 kg at 18 p per \(\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg}\)

450 g at 70 p per \(\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg}\)
75 cm at \(£ 3.00\) per m
10 cm at f 2.90 per m
20 cm at \(£ 4.20\) per m
1.251 at 36 p per \(\frac{1}{2} l\)

900 ml at 60 p per l
\(6.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}\) at \(£ 4.50\) per \(\mathrm{m}^{2}\).
£1.26
\(£ 2.25\)
\(29 p\)
7p
\(\qquad\)
- 84p 90p 54p
£29.25

E Fill in the missing times.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{c}
\(12-\) hour \\
clock time
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c}
\(24-\) hour \\
clock time
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 10.35 p.m. & \(22: 35\) \\
\hline 4.10 a.m. & \(04: 10\) \\
\hline 12.05 a.m. & \(00: 05\) \\
\hline 11.55 p.m. & \(23: 55\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

How many hours and minutes between
8.45 a.m. and 11.20 a.m. \(2 \mathrm{~h} \quad 35 \mathrm{~min}\)
10.25 a.m. and 1.05 p.m. \(\quad 2 \mathrm{~h} \quad 40 \mathrm{~min}\)
9.38 p.m. and 2.10 a.m. \(4 \mathrm{~h} \quad 32 \mathrm{~min}\)

11:50 and 13:15
1h 25 min
06:19 and 10:20?
How many days inclusive
from 28 March to 7 April11
from 13 May to 4 June ..... 23
from 15 July to 3 August ..... 20
from 24 September to 8 November ..... 46
from 19 Octoberto 10 December?53

F Approximate to the nearest:
£1 a \(£ 12.09\)
£12.00
b \(£ 3.52\)
£4.00
10p a \(£ 2.37\)
£2.40
b \(£ 10.06\)
£10.10

Write the answer to the nearest penny.
a \(\frac{1}{3}\) of \(£ 7.00\)
\(£ 2.33\)
b \(£ 3.10 \div 7\)
44p
c \(\frac{1}{8}\) of \(£ 17.25\)
£2.16
d \(\frac{1}{4}\) of \(£ 3.95\)

A Change to decimal fractions. When necessary work to the nearest second place.
a \(\frac{4}{5}\)
0.8
b \(\frac{1}{6}\)
0.17
c \(\frac{2}{3}\)
0.67
d \(\frac{7}{8}\)
0.88
e \(\frac{5}{7}\)
0.71
\(\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{2}=\)
\(\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{6}=\)
\(\frac{5}{8}+\frac{3}{4}=\)
\(\frac{3}{10}+1 \frac{1}{2}=\)
\(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{6}=\)
\(\frac{3}{4}-\frac{2}{3}=\)
\(3-1 \frac{7}{12}=\)
\(2 \frac{1}{4}-1 \frac{7}{8}=\)
\(\frac{2}{3} \times 12=\)
\(10 \times 1 \frac{2}{5}=\)
\(1 \frac{7}{10} \times 20=\)
\(40 \times \frac{3}{8}=\)
8
14
34
Express as mixed numbers.
\(\frac{137}{10}\)
\(93 \div 8\)
\(13 \frac{7}{10}\)
\(11 \frac{5}{8}\)
\(124 \div 9\)
\(13 \frac{7}{9}\)

B

C Write each fraction in its simplest form as a percentage.
a \(\frac{12}{20}\)
60\%
b \(\frac{28}{40}\)
c \(\frac{45}{100}\)
45\%
d \(\frac{24}{32}\)
\(75 \%\) 75\%
e \(\frac{30}{50}\)
Write each of these scales as a fraction.

60\%
a 1 mm to 20 cm
\(\frac{1}{200}\)
b 1 cm to 5 m
\(\frac{1}{500}\)
c 1 cm to 1 km
\(\frac{1}{100000}\)

D Fill in the table. Express the ratios as the amount given to the total amount, in their simplest form. The first example is done for you.
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & \begin{tabular}{c} 
fraction \\
(simplest form)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
percentage \\
\((\%)\)
\end{tabular} & ratio & & & \begin{tabular}{c} 
fraction \\
(simplest form)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
percentage \\
\((\%)\)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 40 p of 50 p & \(\frac{4}{5}\) & \(80 \%\) & \(4: 5\) \\
\hline 300 g of 0.5 kg & \(\frac{3}{5}\) & \(60 \%\) & \(3: 5\) \\
\hline 700 ml of 11 & \(\frac{7}{10}\) & \(70 \%\) & \(7: 10\) \\
\hline 5 p of \(£ 1\) & \(\frac{1}{20}\) & 50 cm of 2 m & \(\frac{1}{4}\) & \(25 \%\) & \(1: 4\) \\
\hline 750 g of 1.5 kg & \(\frac{1}{2}\) & \(50 \%\) & \(1: 2\) \\
\hline 250 of 400 & \(\frac{5}{8}\) & \(62.5 \%\) & \(5: 8\) \\
\hline 35 p of \(£ 5\) & \(\frac{7}{100}\) & \(7 \%\) & \(7: 100\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(E 8 cost \(£ 10\). What fraction of \(£ 10\) do
3 cost \(\quad \frac{3}{8} \quad 7\) cost?
\(\frac{7}{8}\)
5 cost \(£ 7\). What fraction of \(£ 7\) do
2 cost \(\frac{2}{5} 8\) cost?
\(\frac{8}{5}\)
10 cost \(£ 3.50\). What fraction of \(£ 3.50\) do
9 cost
\(\frac{9}{10} \quad 15\) cost?
Share each quantity in the given ratio.
£30, ratio 3:2
£18 £12
1.75 kg , ratio \(4: 1\)
\(1.4 \mathrm{~kg} \quad 350 \mathrm{~g}\)
2m, ratio 5:3
\(125 \mathrm{~cm} \quad 75 \mathrm{~cm}\)

F Find the value of
\begin{tabular}{lr|ll} 
Find the value of & & \multicolumn{2}{|c}{ Find the whole when } \\
\(\frac{3}{10}\) of \(£ 1.60\) & 48 p & 0.25 is \(£ 3.50\) & \(£ 14\) \\
0.75 of 600 & 450 & \(\frac{3}{4}\) is 57 cm & 76 cm \\
\(60 \%\) of \(\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg}\) & 300 g & \(10 \%\) is 850 g & 8.5 kg \\
0.9 of 2 l & 1.8 l & 0.6 is 42 p & 70 p \\
\(50 \%\) of 3 m 70 cm & 1 m 85 cm & \(\frac{5}{8}\) is 2.5 kg & 4 kg \\
\(\frac{3}{100}\) of 1 kg & 30 g & \(30 \%\) is 1.81 & 61 \\
0.95 of 10000 & 9500 & 0.375 is 300 & 800 \\
\(17 \%\) of \(£ 3.00\) & 51 p & \(\frac{7}{10}\) is 91 p & \(£ 1.30\) \\
\(\frac{5}{9}\) of 1.8 kg. & 1 kg & \(5 \%\) is 200 g. & 4 kg
\end{tabular}
(G) Estimate which of the angles marked \(a-h\) is:
an obtuse angle of \(130^{\circ}\)

a
a right angle
a reflex angle of \(300^{\circ}\)
b
e a reflex angle of \(240^{\circ}\)
\(\square\) f 1
(H) Find the angle marked \(x\) and/or \(y\) in each shape.
\(105^{\circ}\)
\(\angle y\)
\(43^{\circ}\)

\(\angle x\)
\(35^{\circ}\)
\(\angle y\)
\(\begin{array}{r}35 \\ -\quad 55 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \(55^{\circ}\)

\(\angle x\)
\(\angle y\) \(\qquad\) \(115^{\circ}\)
\(\angle x\)
\(40^{\circ}\)
\(\angle y\) \(65^{\circ}\)
\(\angle y\)
\(40^{\circ}\)


Fill in the table for regular polygons.
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
name of \\
regular polygon
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
number \\
of sides
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
angle \\
at centre
\end{tabular} \\
\hline hexagon & 6 & \(60^{\circ}\) \\
\hline octagon & 8 & \(45^{\circ}\) \\
\hline pentagon & 5 & \(72^{\circ}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

What fraction of the circumference is the arc \(x y\) in circle \(A\), circle \(B\) ?


A Each of the shapes \(A\) to \(G\) is a quadrilateral.
A


Give the letter of the shape which is
a a rhombus E
b a rectangle A c a trapezium \(C \quad d\) a square D
e a parallelogram.

Write the name of the shape (or shapes) which has:
four equal sides
square, rhombus
four right angles square, rectangle opposite sides equal and parallel square, rectangle, rhombus, parallelogram one pair only of parallel sides trapezium diagonals which are equal square, rectangle
diagonals which bisect each other at right angles square, rhombus
Write the letter of the shape or shapes which have:
a no axis of symmetry
b two axes of symmetry
c four axes of symmetry
B Fill in the missing measurements. In each case give the unit of measurement.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{ Rectangles \(\quad \mathrm{A}=\mathrm{lb} \quad \mathrm{b}=\frac{\mathrm{A}}{\mathrm{l}} \quad \mathrm{I}=\frac{\mathrm{A}}{\mathrm{b}}\)} \\
\hline length & breadth & perimeter & area \\
\hline 7 cm & 5.5 cm & 25 cm & \(38.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\) \\
\hline 16 cm & 6 cm & 44 cm & \(96 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\) \\
\hline 10 cm & 8 cm & 36 cm & \(80 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\) \\
\hline 9 cm & 3.5 cm & 25 cm & \(31.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\) \\
\hline 25 m & 20 m & 90 m & \(500 \mathrm{~m}^{2}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Triangles \(\quad A=\frac{b h}{2} \quad b=2 \frac{A}{h} \quad h=2 \frac{A}{b}\)} \\
\hline base & height & area \\
\hline 35 mm & 12 mm & \(210 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\) \\
\hline 27 cm & 18 cm & \(243 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\) \\
\hline 9 cm & 6 cm & \(27 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\) \\
\hline 11 cm & 3 cm & \(16.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\) \\
\hline 1.6 m & 9 m & \(7.2 \mathrm{~m}^{2}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{ Rhombuses and parallelograms \(A=b h \quad b=\frac{A}{h} \quad h=\frac{A}{b}\)} \\
\hline base & 7.5 cm & 6 cm & 16 cm & 1.5 m & 40 cm \\
\hline height & 9.0 cm & 5.7 cm & 7 cm & 3 m & 15 mm \\
\hline area & \(67.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\) & \(34.2 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\) & \(112 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\) & \(4.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}\) & \(60 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{ Circles \(\quad C=\pi d\) or \(2 \pi r: \pi=3.14\)} \\
\hline radius (r) & 1 cm & 3 cm & 10 cm \\
\hline diameter (d) & 2 cm & 6 cm & 20 cm \\
\hline circumference (c) & 6.28 cm & 18.84 cm & 62.8 cm \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{ Cubes and cuboids \(\quad V=l b h \quad l=\frac{v}{b h} \quad h=\frac{v}{b l} \quad b=\frac{v}{h l}\)} \\
\hline length & breadth & height & volume \\
\hline 8 cm & 5 cm & 9 cm & \(360 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\) \\
\hline 20 cm & 20 cm & 20 cm & \(8000 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\) \\
\hline 8 m & 3.5 m & 2 m & \(56 \mathrm{~m}^{3}\) \\
\hline 6.4 cm & 10 cm & 5 cm & \(320 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\) \\
\hline 10 cm & 9.3 cm & 2 cm & \(186 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Find the volume of each of these prisms.

\(225 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\)

\(960 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\)

\(180 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\)```


[^0]:    b
    7.5 kg

