## Schofield & Sims • Verbal Reasoning Sample Paper

START HERE		Mark 🗸 or 🗴
<b>Q.</b> 1–5	Complete these analogies. Write the answers on the lines.	
analogies	<b>Example</b> Arrive is to depart as come is to <u><u>go</u>.</u>	
	1 Shell is to egg as is to bread.	1
	2 Skin is to banana as is to orange.	2
	3 Up is to down as ascend is to	3
	4 One is to single as three is to	4
	5 Me is to my as them is to	5

<b>Q. 6–10</b> mixed-up	Two words must swap places for each sentence to make sense. Underline these <b>two</b> words in each sentence.	
sentences	<b>Example</b> The bone growled softly as he approached the dog.	
	6 The angry hunter roared loudly and chased the frightened bear.	6
	7 Sajid more two points got than William.	7
	8 Spend your money and don't save it so foolishly.	8
	<b>9</b> The brave toddler climbed the ladder to save the crying fireman.	9
	<b>10</b> If that bench is cushion, use a uncomfortable to sit on.	10

<b>Q. 11–15</b> word chains	Turn the word on the left into the word on the right. You can only change one letter at a time. Each change must result in a real word.					
	Example TALE <u>TAKE</u> LAKE LIKE					
	11 BOWL FOAM	11				
	12 TRAM PLAY	12				
	13 WOOD HARD	13				
	14 THAT WHEN	14				
	15 DEER LEAF	15				

Ν	1AR	Κ
1	OR	X

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<b>Q.</b> 16–20	Underline <b>one</b> word in <b>each</b> set of brackets to make the sentence sensible.	
complete the sentence	<b>Example</b> The (plumber <u>electrician</u> baker) repaired the ( <u>light</u> loaf sink) so that we could (lamp hear <u>see</u> ) again.	
	16 The (tiny fierce ugly) (baby lion duckling) threw itself hungrily on its (egg pudding prey).	16
	17 The (chair settee table) is set for (football dinner holiday) but we are waiting for (doll rattle dad) to get home from work.	17
	18 We had to wait (long ages tonnes) for the (green silly late) (cartwheel potato train) to arrive.	18
	<b>19</b> Scientists (order warn sing) us that fossil (face pence fuels) will (hop skip run) out eventually.	19
	20 An (adult dentist animal) usually has (no thirty-two rotten) (eyes bones teeth).	20
<b>Q.</b> 21–25	Look at the word in <b>held</b> . Underline <b>and</b> ention in the brackets. It must	
always has	Look at the word in <b>bold</b> . Underline <b>one</b> option in the brackets. It must describe what the word in bold <b>always has</b> .	
aiway5 11d5	<b>Example</b> A <b>lake</b> always has (boats water ducks swimmers fish).	
	21 A <b>circle</b> always has (an axis a circumference a sum angles a scale).	21
	22 A <b>letter</b> always has (a stamp words a reply an envelope a signature).	22
	23 A <b>crowd</b> always has (men women demonstrators placards people).	23
	A quiz always has (prizes teams questions a time limit points).	24
	<ul> <li>A garden always has (land grass plants chairs a hose).</li> </ul>	25
<b>Q</b> . 26–30	A four-letter word is hidden in each of these sentences. You will find	
spot the word	the hidden word at the end of one word and the beginning of the next. Underline the hidden word and then write it on the line.	
	<b>Example</b> Danie <u>l end</u> ed his speech with a joke. <u>lend</u>	
	26 Mr Smith drove his car into the garage.	26
	From the field we could hear the sounds of many cows and sheep.	
	28 "I'll show you how that trick was performed," Ibrahim declared.	27
		28
	In the panic, all the people dashed towards the door.	29
	30 He found the necessary address on the internet.	30

						Mark ✓ Or X
<b>Q. 31–35</b> sorting		d the information below carefully. Tick statement. Tick <b>one</b> only.	(✔) true, fa	alse or unk	nown for	
information	5					
			true	false	unknown	
	31	Joshua likes apple juice best.				31
	32	Max likes orange juice least.				32
	33	Amreen likes the apple juice most.				33
	34	Max never drinks orange juice.				34
	35	Amreen drinks juice on holiday.				35

<b>Q. 36–40</b> time		e is part of a train t ton. Fill in the missi	imetable for trains ing times.	running between	Amberton and	
problems			Train leaves Amberton	Duration of journey	Train arrives at Boxton	36
	36	Train 1	8.30 a.m.		9.15 a.m.	
	37	Train 2	10.42 a.m.	45 min		37
	38	Train 3		42 min	11.51 a.m.	38
	39	Train 4	12.36 p.m.		1.26 p.m.	39
	40	Train 5	1.17 p.m.	56 min		40

<b>Q. 41–45</b> symbol codes	The word <b>ENTRANCE</b> is written as $\blacklozenge \blacksquare \blacktriangleright \blacktriangleleft \blacksquare \bullet \blacklozenge$ in code. Use the same code to work out the hidden words.	
	41 ● ◀ ▲ ■ ◆	41
	42 ● ♦ ■ ▶ ◀ ♦	42
		43
	44 ◀★•▲■►	44
	45 • ◀ ♦ ▲ ▶ ♦	45

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<b>Q. 46–50</b> synonyms	Underline two words, <b>one</b> from <b>each</b> set of brackets, that are <b>similar</b> in meaning.	
5 5	<b>Example</b> (large great tiny huge) (box small hungry crate)	
	46 (high top climb up) (descend summit down hilly)	46
	47 (healthy sick unhealthy clever) (emergency well clear stupid)	47
	48 (dull gloomy overcast bright) (mellow sunny unhealthy certain)	48
	49 (coin currency penny rich) (ill poor broke wealthy)	49
	50 (bicycle tricycle unicycle taxi) (boat monocycle motorcycle scooter)	50
<b>Q.</b> 51–55	Below this table are 15 words. Write each word in the correct column.	
word	51 52 53 54 55	

word	51	52	53	54	55	
categories	materials	crowds	headgear	transport	animals	51
						52
						53
						54
			nultitude van rrier sand he		plastic catamaran	55

<b>Q. 56–60</b> jumbled	The letters of the words in CAPITALS have been mixed up. Write the <b>two</b> correct words on the lines.	
words in	<b>Example</b> The TERWA was too cold to WSIM in. <u>WATER</u> and <u>SWIM</u>	
sentences	56 In the TBHLAPAE there are twenty-six TTRSELE.	
	and	56
	57 The FHCE prepared the food in his new ENTHICK.	
	and	57
	58 LERBIN is the capital city of MANGERY.	
	and	58
	59 The CHOSOL is closed for the SDYHLIOA.	
	and	59
	60 The RCORIUE left my LAPCER on the step.	
	and	60

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		Mark 🗸 or 🗴
<b>Q.</b> 61–65	Write the next two items in each sequence. Use the alphabet to help you.	
letter	Example AB CD EF GH <u>IJ</u> <u>KL</u>	
sequences	ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ	
	61 CX FU IR LO OL	61
	62 MN LO KP JQ IR	62
	63 AZ BY CX DW EV	63
	64 WU UR RP PM MK	64
	65 MN KL IJ GH EF	65

<b>Q.</b> 66–70	Underline the <b>one</b> word that fits with <b>both</b> pairs of words in brackets.			
word	<b>Example</b> (heart club) (ruby emerald) jewel brain <u>diamond</u> card brooch			
connections	66 (hour second) (tiny small) big minute time l	hands little 66		
	67 (liver kidney) (piano keyboard) steak fight hero k	butcher organ 67		
	68 (lofty soaring) (dear expensive) price cheap high	loved sky 68		
	69 (straight unswerving) (honest candid) order direct swer	ve answer lift 69		
	70 (atmosphere wind) (song melody) music breeze hur	m air gale 70 🗌		

<b>Q. 71–75</b> antonyms	Underline two words, <b>one</b> from <b>each</b> set of brackets, that have the <b>opposite</b> meaning.		
	<b>Example</b> (happy kind mouth grin) (smile sad face cheerful)		
	71 (healthy bad small groggy) (ill doctor poor injury)	71	
	72 (servant worker builder friend) (glazier idle master pal)	72	
	73 (money purse rich wealth) (broken poverty coins pound)	73	
	74 (honesty seek find reveal) (confide conceal consume convert)	74	
	75 (danger penalty prison crime) (reward peril jail punishment)	75	

		MARK 🗸 or 🗴
<b>Q. 76–80</b> odd ones out	<b>One</b> word in each question does <b>not</b> belong with the rest. Underline this word.	
	Example horrid nasty kind mean unfriendly	
	76 informed educated ignorant learned scholarly cultured	76
	77 hasten hurry rush dash accelerate linger speed	77
	78 fearful timorous unconcerned scared nervous terrified	78
	79 impeccable neat groomed faultless scruffy flawless	79
	80 generous kind benevolent unselfish charitable stingy	80

<b>Q. 81–85</b> missing	The same <b>two</b> letters end the first word and begin the next word. Write the letters.	
letters	<b>Example</b> T R A <u>I</u> <u>L</u> L N E S S	
	81 KIAPOT	81
	82 SEIBRA	82
	83 BREA IS	83
	84 YEA ARE	84
	85 G R A A D E	85

<b>Q. 86–90</b> missing three-letter	In each of these sentences, the word in CAPITALS has three letters missing. These three letters make a real three-letter word. Write the three-letter word on the line.	
words	<b>Example</b> My father SED me a photo of my mother. HOW	
	86 Ava was NR early for school.	86
	87 My favourite subject at school is GEOGHY.	87
	6000 Good friends always DED on one another.	88
	89 The people FOLED each other in the procession.	89
	90 I hope you both ENED the film on television.	90

		Mark 🗸 or 🗴
<b>Q. 91–95</b> true	Read the information in each question. Circle the <b>only</b> statement (A, B, C, D or E) that has to be true, based on this information.	
statements	<ul> <li>91 The pyramids of Ancient Egypt are one of the seven wonders of the ancient world. They were built as tombs for the Pharaohs (kings) to be buried in and were the highest man-made creations when they were built.</li> <li>A All pyramids have four sides.</li> <li>B The Egyptian pharaohs lived in them.</li> <li>C There were six other wonders of the ancient world.</li> <li>D All Egyptian kings were buried in pyramids.</li> <li>E Tutankhamun was buried in a pyramid.</li> </ul>	91
	<ul> <li>Alfie lives at 23 Maple Avenue in the town of Bearley. He is 32 years old and a builder by trade. He plays golf whenever he has the time. He has three children and has recently bought a new car.</li> <li>A Alfie is very good at golf.</li> <li>B He has a son.</li> <li>C He doesn't like buying cars.</li> <li>D He is an adult male.</li> <li>E His wife and children like golf too.</li> </ul>	92
	<ul> <li>Sunita lives in a flat with her mother-in-law. She shops at her local supermarket. She always pays cash for the goods she buys.</li> <li>A Sunita doesn't like shopping at the supermarket.</li> <li>B She is or was married.</li> <li>C She always has coins in her purse to pay for her shopping.</li> <li>D She pays rent to her landlord every month.</li> <li>E Her flat does not have a cellar.</li> </ul>	93
	<ul> <li>Freddie's grandpa's name is Dennis. Dennis drives a red car. Dennis is also the name of a company which makes fire engines. Fire engines are usually red in colour.</li> <li>A Firemen drive red cars.</li> <li>B Freddie's grandpa is a fireman.</li> <li>C Freddie's grandpa is a driver.</li> <li>D Freddie's grandpa makes fire engines.</li> <li>E All red vehicles are fire engines.</li> </ul>	94
	<ul> <li>Freya and Polly like to play sports at school together. Their favourite sport is football and they both support Bristol Rovers.</li> <li>A Football is a popular sport.</li> <li>B Freya lives next door to Polly.</li> <li>C Polly likes to go running.</li> <li>D Freya and Polly go to the same school.</li> <li>E Polly lives in Bristol.</li> </ul>	95

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<b>Q.</b> 96–100	Circle <b>one</b> word from <b>each</b> group	, which together will make a longer word.	
join two	Example (pond dam river)	(era down age)	
words to make one	96 (custard jelly sweet)	(tooth pie fish)	96
	97 (over under odd)	(look there orders)	97
	98 (some before be)	(soon lower long)	98
	99 (hand bag top)	(some hill look)	99
	100 (mouse rat cat)	(fly her him)	100

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## Schofield & Sims • Verbal Reasoning Sample Paper • Answers

San	nple Pa	per		
1	crust			
2	peel	peel		
3	descen	d		
4	treble			
5	their			
6	hunter		bear	
7	more		got	
8	spend		save	
9	toddler	-	fireman	
10	cushior	ו	uncon	nfortable
11	FOWL		FOAL	
12	TRAY		PRAY	
	or PRA	Μ	PRAY	
13	WORD		WARD	)
14	THAN		THEN	
	or WHA	АT	WHET	
	DEAR		DEAF	
			-	oonse to
wore	d chain	questi	ons.	
16	fierce	lion		prey
17	table	dinne	er	dad
18	ages	late		train
19	warn	fuels		run
20	adult thirty-two teeth		teeth	
21	a circumference			
22	words			
23	people			
24	questic	ons		
25	land			
26	scar			
27	sand			
28	wasp			
29	call			
30	then			
31	unknown			
32	true			
33	false			
34	unknown			
35	true			

		oer -	- cor	ntinued
	45 min			
	11.27 a.m.			
38	11.09 a.	m.		
39	50 min			
40	2.13 p.m	۱.		
	CRANE			
42	CENTRE			
43	NECTAR			
44	RECANT			
45	CREATE			
46	top		sum	mit
47	healthy		well	
48	bright		sunr	ıy
49	rich		wea	lthy
50	unicycle		mon	ocycle
51	cement	plas	tic	sand
52	gang	thro	ng	multitude
53	turban	bere	et	helmet
54	van	bicy	cle	catamaran
55	bat	lem	ur	terrier
56	ALPHAB	ΕT	LETT	ERS*
57	CHEF		KITC	HEN*
58	BERLIN		GER	MANY*
59	SCHOOL		HOL	IDAYS*
60	COURIEI	3	PAR	CEL*
61	RI	UF		
62	HS	GT		
63	FU	GT		
64	КН	HF		
65	CD	AB		
66	minute			
67	organ			
68	high			
69	direct			
70	air			
71	healthy		ill	
72	servant		mas	ter
73	wealth		pove	erty
74	reveal		cond	eal
75	penalty		rewa	ard
	1			

San	nple Pap	<b>ber</b> – continued
76	ignorant	t
77	linger	
78	unconce	rned
79	scruffy	
80	stingy	
81	ТΕ	
82	ΖE	
83	тн	
84	SТ	
85	SP	
86	EVE	
87	RAP	
88	PEN	
89	LOW	
90	JOY	
91	с	
92	D	
93	В	
94	С	
95	D	
96	jelly	fish
97	over	look
98	be	long
99	hand	some
100	rat	her

\*spellings must be correct