A

## Answer

1


Write in words the number shown on the abacus.
two thousand and fifty-four
2. $(3 \times 9)+6=$
(3) $5+\square=13$
(4) $9 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{4mm}=\square \mathrm{mm}$
(5) $237 p=f$
(6) $80 \times 10=$
(7) $(18 \div 3)-(16 \div 4)=$
(8) $\frac{3}{7}+\frac{2}{7}=$
(9) $28 p+80 p=f \square$
(10) $£ 6=\square 50 \mathrm{ps}$
(11) $1 \mathrm{~h} 50 \mathrm{~min}=\square \mathrm{min}$
(12) $300-175=$

## B

## Answer

(1) Add four hundred to one thousand and ten. Answer in digits.
(2) Increase 29 by 33 .
(3) Find the change from 50 p after spending 28p.
(4) Multiply $£ 0.40$ by 8 .
(5) Write 87 to the nearest 10 .
(6) Divide 200 by 10 .
(7) Write as $£$ s the sum of $26 p, 28 p$ and 50 p.
$£ 1.04$
(8) $27 p=\square 5 p$ plus six $2 p s$
(9) How many tenths in $1 \frac{1}{2}$ ?
(10) Subtract 36p from $£ 1$.
(11) How many 2 ps have the same value as four 10ps?

20 2ps
(12) Find the cost of one if 10 cost $£ 1$.

C

## Answer

(1) Which of these numbers will not divide into 36 without a remainder?

> | 1 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

8
(2) Find the value of the missing number.
$24+28=\square+12$
(3) How many greater is $4 \times 7$
than $4+7$ ?

4

9.07 p.m.
(5) By how much is the value of fifteen 2 ps less than the value of nine 5 ps?

6 If 100 g of flour costs 30 p , how much will 350 g cost?
(7) $(54 \div 9)+(3 \times 12)=$
(8) Arrange these digits to make the largest possible number.

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0
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9 Find the length in centimetres of the marked length.
(10) If $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg}$ costs 86 p , how much will $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~kg}$ cost?


11 Signs on a motorway are 100 m apart. Find in kilometres the distance between 11 of the signs.

## 1km

12 Name the two rectangles, each of which has three quarters shaded.


