Step I: Two-digit × one-digit no carrying

When learning to do written multiplication, it helps to work from right to left. Start with the units. To multiply 23 by 3, start by doing 3×3 first. Remember that zero multiplied by any number is zero.

| | Т | U |
|---|---|---|
| | 2 | 3 |
| × | | 3 |

What to do

I Multiply the units digit of the top number by the bottom number. $3 \times 3 = 9$. Write the answer in the units column.

| | Т | U |
|---|---|---|
| | 2 | 3 |
| × | | 3 |
| | | q |

 $23 \times 3 = ?$

2 Now, multiply the tens digit of the top number by the bottom number. 2 tens \times 3 = 6 tens. Write the answer in the tens column.

| | 2_ | 3 |
|---|----|---|
| × | | 3 |
| | 6 | q |

3 Check that the answer looks about right. Three lots of 20 is 60, so three lots of 23 is a bit more than 60. The answer 69 seems about right.

Now you try

×

| | Т | U |
|---|---|------------|
| | I | 2 |
| × | | ¥ ‡ |
| | 4 | 8 |

2

| | | U |
|---|----|---|
| | 3_ | |
| × | | 3 |
| | 9 | 3 |

3

| | | U |
|---|---|---|
| | 2 | 2 |
| × | | 3 |
| | 6 | 6 |

L.

| | I | U |
|---|---|---|
| | 2 | I |
| × | | 4 |
| | 8 | 4 |

5

| | | U |
|---|---|---|
| | I | 2 |
| × | | 3 |
| | 3 | 6 |

6

| | Т | U |
|---|---|---|
| | 2 | 2 |
| × | | 4 |
| | 8 | 8 |

7

| | Т | U |
|---|---|---|
| | 3 | 4 |
| × | | 2 |
| | 6 | 8 |

8

| | Т | U |
|---|---|---|
| | 2 | 0 |
| × | | 3 |
| | 6 | 0 |